

THE WAYNE HERALD.

Consolidated With The Wayne Republican

TWENTY-NINTH YEAR.

WAYNE, NEBRASKA THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1905.

NUMBER 1.

LOCAL AND GENERAL

Jones' Book Store

Why Not

leave your order with us for Newspapers and Magazines for 1905 We solicit subscriptions at trade rates. We have on sale by copy Daily Papers and Magazines. Office Supplies, Blank Books, Inks.

Jones' Book Store

A Good Resolution For 1905

Buy your Drugs and Druggist's Sundries at Raymond's Drugstore and insure getting the Best Goods at the correct price.

THE GERMAN STORE...

Always carries a complete and up-to-date stock of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes and Groceries

Prices Lowest, Quality Best

Highest price paid for Butter and Eggs in exchange for goods.

FURCHNER, DUERIG & CO

FIRST - NATIONAL - BANK

OLDEST BANK IN WAYNE COUNTY

J. M. STRAHAN, President. F. E. STRAHAN, Vice-Pres. H. F. WILSON, Cashier
H. S. RINGLAND, Ass't Cashier.

Capital and Surplus, \$100,000.

Directors: J. M. Strahan, F. E. Strahan, H. S. Ringland, George Bogart
Frank Fuller, John T. Bressler and H. F. Wilson.

GOAL! GOAL!

BEST GRADES
HARD AND SOFT

The Anchor Grain Co., Phone 109

Phil Kohl visited Winside Saturday. Rev. C. S. Hughes was down from Carroll Monday.

Ed. Owens went to Omaha on business Monday, returning Tuesday.

The Sobnyler Quill reports the capture of several possums near the Platte river.

Mrs. Eliza Ferguson of Norfolk arrived here Saturday to visit Mrs. Jas. F. Jeffries.

Rev. J. H. Karpenstein went to Winside Saturday evening to preach there Sunday.

Otto Miller and Charles Long of Winside were two of the Winside people in the city Saturday.

Nels Oront received word Friday that his brother, Clinton, died that day at his home in Omaha.

W. H. Gibson shipped the remnant of the Republican printing plant to Magnet the first of the week.

Editor Hubbard and wife of Dixon visited in Wayne Friday and were welcome callers at this office.

Mr. Otto Kruger and Miss Emma Albert, both of Carroll, were licensed to wed by Judge Hunter Saturday.

C. O. Johnson, living just over the line in Cedar county, has rented his farm and will move to Wayne in the spring.

Winside is agitating the building of a new school building, the old one not being large enough for the needs of the district.

Rollie E. Fish started today for Gregory, S. D., to start work on his building and then will come back for his family.—Winside Tribune.

W. H. McClusky had a severe attack of his old ailment Monday and a physician from Sioux City was called with Dr. Cherry. He is better again now.—Winside Tribune.

William Erwin has purchased of Alfred Peterson the quarter section of bottom land laying a half mile west of Concord for which he gave \$50 an acre.—Concord World.

Mrs. Stella Kuhl and son, Glenn, of Wayne, are visiting with a sister of Mrs. Kuhl, Mrs. M. O. House. They expect to return to Wayne next Wednesday.—Hartington Herald.

Franz Lemm, aged 78 years, living ten miles west of West Point, accidentally caught his left arm in a corn sheller recently, crushing it so badly that amputation at the elbow was necessary. He survived the operation in good condition.

Charley Whalen went to Wayne on Tuesday where he will assist his brother Howard, in the restaurant business. Charley is one of the best bakers in Nebraska and the people of Wayne can depend on his work being first class.—Stanton Register.

The C. W. Reed family have been having a siege of the grip for the past week or ten days. Miss Eva came home from Wayne Friday evening and she, too, became a victim of the disease. They are all better now the Tribune is pleased to report.—Winside Tribune.

A Hupp has sold his meat market to Antone Jensen, possession to be given in about a month. As the Tribune understands, Mr. Hupp will remain in Winside and devote his time to looking after his farm and do a little stock business on the side.—Winside Tribune.

The Magnet Mail has been sold to W. H. Gibson of Wayne and he expects to move to Magnet and take charge of the paper at once. We are not acquainted with the new proprietor, but he no doubt is an experienced newspaper man and will issue a creditable journal.—Wausa Gazette.

The annual election of officers for the Merchants State Bank was held last week and are as follows: President, G. E. French; Vice President, L. S. Needham; Cashier, E. W. Tucker; Asst. Cashier, H. G. McClusky. The directors are the same with the omission of J. S. French, now deceased.—Winside Tribune.

Fritz Damme sold his farm for \$8,200 and will leave with his family for Indian Territory as soon as he can dispose of his personal effects by public sale. The Tribune printed bills for his sale which will take place February 6th. Mr. Damme has lived in Wayne county for about eighteen years and his friends regret very much to have him leave.—Winside Tribune.

A good Christian woman (God bless her) was berating the local papers because they miss so many local happenings. "Why," she exclaimed, "I know lots of things that happen that you never find out. I could fill half a dozen such papers as yours is, and not half try." And that woman can't keep house for snooks. Many, many really talented people miss their calling.—Stanton Picket.

This county is fast becoming an improved live stock center. Last week A. B. Clark went over into Iowa to a sale of Poland-China hogs being held at Elkhorn by Held Bros. and purchased three splendid bred sows and an aged boar. Mr. Clark has a pretty good sized herd of pure bred Poland Chinas and doubtless during the coming year will dispose of a part of the increase at public sale, thus enabling our hog raisers to get

their breeding stock at home.

Charles Craven, secretary of the Commercial Club, informs us that Mr. Sholes notified him a few days ago that arrangements were being made by the management of the Omaha railroad to run a seed corn special through this territory sometime during this month, probably about the 17th or 18th. We hope nothing will occur to prevent the carrying out of the company's present good intention and we are sure our farmer friends will be glad to hear what the apostles of improved seed and methods of cultivation have to offer.

Either while driving to town from his farm, two and one-half miles south of here, or while in Wayne, last Friday, J. M. Ross lost a leather pocketbook containing \$110 in bills. He carried the pocketbook in a deep pocket inside of his coat. He thinks it may have been worked out by the motion of his arm while driving or in a similar manner while in town. He does not think it could have been stolen from his pocket. He offers a reward of \$10 for the recovery of the money, as will be seen by his notice elsewhere in this paper. It is to be hoped some one has found the pocketbook and will return it to him.

On March 4, an opportunity for improvement of the cattle herds of the community is going to be presented in the sale of Shorthorn cattle by A. B. Clark and B. P. Peterson [with a draft from the noted herd of Wm. Le-man. The offering will consist of bulls and cows, the former largely of serviceable age and in the very pink of breeding condition. The cow stuff will be largely cows with calves at foot or far advanced in calf. The entire offering is a draft of the best animals of these splendid herds and the men who are holding the sale will be a sufficient guarantee of the carrying out in letter and spirit every representation made. It is not necessary to urge on our readers the great necessity of doing everything possible to improve the quality of their herds, because we believe that no community more fully realizes the benefits to be derived from such a course than ours and for that reason they are always ready, anxious and willing to invest in any animal that will improve the quality of the farm herd. Wait for the sale and about February 25, write A. B. Clark at Wayne or B. P. Peterson at Carroll for catalogues and thus get into your hands the means of knowing exactly what the offering will be. The sale will be held under cover and will positively occur on the date named.

DIED.

David Ross Cunningham was born in Juniata county, Pennsylvania, December 23, 1876, and died at Wayne, Nebraska, Monday afternoon, January 30, 1905, aged 28 years, one month and seven days.

Ross was the youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. David Cunningham and came with his parents from his native state to Marshall county, Iowa, in the spring of 1882, where they lived for one year and moved to Wayne county, Nebraska, in 1883 and lived on the farm south of town until the fall of 1904 when they removed to the city of Wayne. The immediate cause of the death of Ross was hemorrhage of the stomach from which he has been a sufferer for the past year. Deceased was a graduate of the musical department of the Wayne Normal College and in 1899 entered the American Conservatory of music at Chicago and graduated from the teachers' department of that institution in 1901, and following that taught music for two years at Columbus and Genoa, Nebraska, re-entering the American Conservatory in 1903 and graduating from the instrumental department in the summer of 1904. He became the musical instructor in the Wayne Normal in the fall of 1904, but owing to ill health was compelled to give up the work after a few weeks. From early childhood he was an earnest and consistent Christian and united with the Presbyterian church of this city several years ago. He was an exemplary boy and man, a kind and loving son and brother whose presence will be greatly missed in the family circle. He was a musician of rare attainments and was ambitious in this line beyond his strength. He leaves to mourn his going a loving father and mother, two brothers, Lloyd of Oando, North Dakota and Will of this place, and four sisters, Mrs. W. H. and Mrs. C. E. Gilderale and Virginia of this city and Mrs. Charles Genhart of Ainsworth, Nebraska. The funeral services will take place from the Presbyterian church of Wayne this afternoon and will be conducted by the pastor, Rev. Thomas Osborn.

THE INSTITUTE.

The farmers' institute held in this city Friday was well attended and apparently those in attendance were well entertained and gathered considerable information as to the many ways and means by which conditions on the farm can be much improved. The institute differed from any ever held before in the attendance being excellent at the opening session. Heretofore the first day has been one of very poor attendance and not much interest. When Joseph E. Wing arose to speak on "baby beef," he faced a large and appreciative audience who were not in the least disappointed, because Mr. Wing talks from practical

experience and likewise Miss Smith who gave a talk on poultry, is a lady evidently well acquainted with her subject and both of these speakers certainly gave their audiences talks largely filled with good solid sense and sparkling with practical ideas easily put in practice. In the evening Miss Smith gave a very interesting talk on the "farm home," and Mr. Wing gave the audience a rare treat in his lecture on European travel. He differs very much from the average lecturer in that he carries his audience along with him as he observes the little things, the real life of all countries and he does this in such an easy, entertaining way that the listener never realizes how the moments fly until he says "thank you" and the clock shows that you have been traveling with Joe Wing in England and France for an hour and a quarter and that during that time you have learned more than you ever got from any other source in the same length of time. Mr. Hinman and Mr. Ashburn did not have as large audiences as the speakers of Friday but are very able men and presented many ideas of value regarding the subject of dairying and selection and care of seed corn, the latter subject being presented by Mr. Ashburn who gave his hearers many good ideas on this subject that is just now one of greatest importance to most of our farmers. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, A. B. Clark; Vice President, W. A. K. Neely, Secretary, C. H. Bright.

NOTHING IN IT.

The Democrat intimates that republican dissensions will preclude another paper in Wayne, but it hardly looks probable. The town has two excellent papers now and a new one will be just that one too many. Wayne business men should frown on any project that will be a big burden, with no possible advantage except to a faction fighting for the post office.—Winside Tribune. The HERALD does not believe there is any foundation for the story and it does know the business men of the city are not desirous of anything of the kind, but are perfectly satisfied with matters as they look stand in regard to newspapers. Of course there is nothing to prevent anyone having the desire and the money to squander to go into the business, but so far as the HERALD is concerned it is not losing any sleep over talk of this kind.

Farms to rent for cash
PHILLIP SULLIVAN.
Try our prize coffee, Gandy.

FARMERS ATTENTION!
For prices on hogs call on or phone Powers & Perry. Phone 63.
"Red Dragon" sun cured Japan tea, 60 cents a pound at Gandy's.

For rent, three good farms. Inquire of H. F. Wilson.

Heinz's apple butter at Gandy's.
We sell home made comforters filled with good cotton at \$2.00.

A. ROSENBERG.

See W. L. Robinson, of Carroll, for real estate, farm loans or insurance.

Dried fruits, a permanent brand at Gandy's.

Fruit preserves of all kinds at Gandy's.

Special bargains in wool blankets at Rosenberg's.

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.

Examinations will be held on the third Saturday and Friday preceding in January, February and March, 1905. No examination in December, 1904.
C. H. BRIGHT,
County Superintendent.

Dr. J. C. Clark, eye specialist, will again be at Wayne, Monday, February 13th.

Eighty acre farm to rent, six miles east of Wayne, and five and one-half miles southwest of Wakefield. For particulars call on or address
L. D. METCALF,
Emerson, Neb.

Toilets soaps at Gandy's.

A fresh supply of new hats at Gandy's.

SIX COCKRELLES FOR SALE.
Thoroughbred white Plymouth Rocks, "The Best on Earth," if taken next week. Weight about nine pounds, price \$2. Inquire at the Two Johns.

J. H. KATE.

Mark Stringer has opened a harness repair shop in the old Republican building, first door east of German store. When in need of anything in his line give him a call.

FOR SALE.

The property now occupied as Methodist parsonage. Price \$2250. Rents for \$15 per month. Inquire of Dr. Heckert.

F. E. Gamble, osteopath, office in rear of State Bank. Independent phone, office 22, residence 16. Consultation free.

The best chocolate candy at Gandy's.

Harness repairing, strap work or new harness. M. Stringer in old Republican building.

Lost in Wayne or between my place and Wayne, a leather pocket book containing \$110 in bills. Finder will please leave the same with the State Bank of Wayne or the undersigned and receive a reward of \$10.
J. M. ROSS.

Ladies heavy fleeced hose, good quality, fast black, regular 25-cent values, now only 15 cents a pair at Rosenberg's.

Start the New Year Right

Start in the new year right by ordering your papers and periodicals from us. We are the largest newsdealers in Northeast Nebraska and can furnish any newspaper or magazine wanted. Bring us your subscriptions and they will be attended to.

M. S. Davies' Book and Music Store

Marsteller's Hardware

Remember that Marsteller's Hardware is the place to get the Great Domestic Sewing Machine. None better. Also Steel Ranges from \$25 up. Few heaters left at a bargain. Don't place your orders for Hardware without my figures. Remember the brick store is the place.

J. E. MARSTELLER

State Bank of Wayne
HENRY LEY, President. C. A. CHASE, Vice President. E. W. LEY, Cashier.
Individual Responsibility \$200,000.
Will do a General Banking Business Interest paid on Time Deposits

PUBLIC AUCTION

A. M. BROWN

will sell
on the Vincent farm

5 1/2 miles southeast of Wayne, on

SATURDAY, FEB. 4th

2 Head Horses

15 Head Cattle

30 Head Hogs

Farm Machinery

Also 3 dozen chickens, 12 tons of hay and 3 stacks of straw.

E. CUNNINGHAM, Auctioneer.
FRED FRENCH, Clerk

A. M. BROWN

Dr. R. L. Cosner, dentist, over First National Bank.

THE WAYNE HERALD.

Official paper of Wayne and Wayne county. Published every Thursday.

E. CUNNINGHAM, Publisher
E. W. HUSE, Business Manager

Entered at the Post Office at Wayne, Neb., as second class mail matter.
Subscription, \$1.00 a Year in Advance.

COALOGY

We have a very nice coal trade. We understand the business. Let us serve you. Our specialty is clean coal. Phone number 9.....

PHILLEO & SON

Opera House

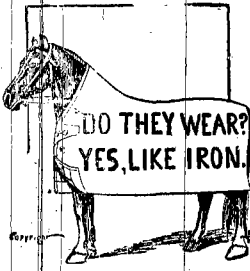
Monday, February 13
The Irish American Musical Comedy
"Maloney's Wedding Day"
THE LAUGHIEST EVER
Prices 25, 35 and 50c

Geo. W. Yaryan and John Beach

Joint Public Sale

at
Carroll, Saturday, Feb. 11

at 1 o'clock, p. m.
Twelve head of horses, eleven head of cattle including six milch cows of which three are thoroughbred registered Short-horns, and one Short-horn bull. Eleven head of fine brood sows. A lot of farm machinery.



A REMARK
on our blankets is timely. Many horse owners are now considering **HEAVY WEIGHT GOODS**
Can't we interest you in our goods? The display is very attractive. Every new article of blanket that is good is shown. Most complete stock in every grade. All are strong, well made and well finished. Some are very handsome. Some are plain. All are moderately priced as the figures will prove.

WM. PIEPENSTOCK

FIENDISH SUFFERING.
Is often caused by sores, ulcers and cancers, that eat away your skin. Wm. Bedell of Flat Rock, Mich., says: "I have used Bucklen's Arnica Salve, for ulcers, sores and cancers. It is the best healing dressing I ever found." Soothes and heals cuts, burns and scalds. 25c. at Wayne Drug Co.; guaranteed.

THE SUNSHINE OF SPRING.
The salve that cures without a scar is DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Cuts, burns, boils, bruises and piles disappear before the use of this salve as snow before the sunshine of spring. Miss H. M. Middleton, Thebes, Ill., says: "I was seriously afflicted with a fever sore that was very painful. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured me in less than a week." Get the genuine. Sold by Raymond's Pharmacy.

February was numbered in with one of the "coldest" days of the season, thermometer registering from twenty-two to twenty-six degrees below zero.

chosen to go to the county convention would be elected by a more nearly representative vote of the different political parties than by the present method. Under the present system many of the precincts do not hold caucuses at all, and those that do are largely a farce, so far as being representative of the party in the precinct is concerned. The thing desired is to get away from the bosses, large and small, and if we can't entirely shake them, come just as near to it as possible, and we believe the direct primary is a move in the desired direction.

Several apportionment bills are before the legislature and the probabilities are that some one of the many will pass. One of the bills being considered puts Wayne, Madison and Stanton in a senatorial district and makes up representative districts composed as follows: Madison one representative, Wayne and Pierce one representative, Wayne and Stanton one representative at large for Madison, Wayne, Stanton and Pierce, thus giving the four counties four representatives, whereas at present Madison has one, Stanton and Wayne one, Pierce and Cedar one. Under the present apportionment northern Nebraska does not have nearly the representation she is entitled to if population and her many interests are to be placed on an equitable footing with the southeastern part of the state and this matter of reapportionment should not be delayed any longer but pushed through if it can possibly be done. There is also a judicial apportionment bill being considered that makes this judicial district, consist of Wayne, Pierce, Madison, Knox, Antelope, Holt, Brown, Rock, Boyd and Keya Paha counties, the five first named being the present ninth judicial district, and for the district proposed we are to have two judges instead of one as at present. Now it doesn't strike us that Wayne county people will care to be put into a district of that kind but would much prefer to be placed in a district with Cedar, Dixon and others nearer at home. We are not anxious to be tied hand and foot and delivered over to the counties along the Elkhorn, for no other purpose than to use our republican majority to put the pigs of Holt out of business and after we have fulfilled that mission to be given a good swift kick and told to go and occupy one of the back seats and not ask for any of the seat.

WHAT ADVERTISING AND PUSH WILL DO.

Last week John Kate put in this paper a few local lines advertising his White Plymouth Rock chickens. He then put a half dozen in his store window during the meeting of the Farmers' Institute. He had a large crowd every day looking at them, and he sold all the birds he advertised at \$2.00 apiece and booked twenty-eight orders for eggs for hatching at \$1.50 a setting. This shows what a person can do by advertising and telling the people what you have and then giving them a chance to see it.

CITY COUNCIL.

Council met in regular session Monday evening with following members present: Councilmen Gregg, Goldie, McVicker, Roe and Gaertner and Clerk Witter. Mayor Britton and Councilman Williams were absent. In the absence of the mayor, Councilman Gregg was chosen to preside.

Following bills were allowed:
G. L. Miner, salary \$50 00
A. R. Davis salary 31 25
H. S. Ringland ft. 68 75
H. S. Ringland ft. and ex. 69 14
A. T. Witter salary 12 50
R. J. Armstrong coal 64 59
T. H. Fritts salary and postage 91 00
Dan Leagen, draying 18 00
Mont Gaertner draying 9 15
J. H. West salary 50 00
Winnington Star Mining Co. 107 60
The De Troit Lubricator Co. 70
An ordinance limiting the kinds of material for the construction of sidewalks on certain streets of Wayne to cement, brick, stone or asphalt, was passed and on its publication will become operative.

The petition of J. H. Ziegler and J. E. Owen to have certain pieces of land disconnected from the city of Wayne was allowed.

THAT TICKLING IN THE THROAT.

One minute after taking One Minute Cough Cure that tickling in the throat is gone. It acts in the throat—not the stomach. Harmless—good for children. A. L. Spicford, postmaster at Chester, Mich., says: "Our little girl was unconscious from strangulation during a sudden and terrible attack of croup. Three doses of One Minute Cough Cure half an hour apart speedily cured her. I cannot praise One Minute Cough Cure too much for what it has done in our family." It always gives relief. Sold by Raymond's Pharmacy.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF ESTATE.

THE STATE OF NEBRASKA, ss
Wayne County,
In County Court.
In the matter of the estate of J. S. French, Deceased.
I, E. Hunter, County Judge of said County, in said State, hereby notify all persons having claims and demands against the estate of the said J. S. French, deceased, that I have set and appointed the following days for the reception, examination and adjustment of said claims and demands, as provided by law, at the county court room in Wayne County, to-wit: March 2nd, 1905, and July 31st, 1905, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon of each day. And all persons so interested in said estate will appear at the said time and place, and duly present the said claims and demands in the manner required by law, or show cause for not so doing; and in case any of said claims shall not be presented by July 31st, 1905, the same shall be forever barred.
Given under my hand and the seal of the County Court this 5th day of January, 1905.
[SEAL] E. HUNTER,
County Judge.

The biggest line of Goods for Spring of 1905 ever seen in town o' Wayne.

The Fair Store

Great Assortment of Laces and Embroideries. Call at once to see them.

Follow the crowd and you will find yourselves at the Fair Store. We are here to stay and propose to leave nothing undone to deserve your confidence and patronage. We have an immense stock of new goods in which you will find bargains that cannot be duplicated elsewhere.

Here are a few just in and many more are on the road:

- Grecian Voiles
- Mouseline De-Soie
- Voile De Soie
- Mercerized Voiles
- Organdies
- Dorothy Ducks
- Worsted Voiles
- Suitings



Hunter Overalls and Jackets

Big Line of the Latest and Best of the Markets. Call and see them.

Specials

HUNTER For Saturday, Feb. 4

All these goods are in many colors and are waiting for your inspection.

It will be worth your while to see them.

- Dry Goods**
- 10-cent pearl Buttons, limited quantity, as long as they last, per doz. .03
 - Nice line of Ribbons, all colors, No. 5, per yard, only .05
 - Ribbon, No. 7, all colors, per yard, .06
 - 5,000 yards of new Calicoes at our old price per yard .05
 - We have just received 15 dozen Ladies' Satin Petticoats, worth \$2, regular, for Saturday, a piece, 95c

- Groceries**
- Royal Brand Seeded RAISINS, Three packages for Three-pound box Soda BISCUIT .20
 - Columbia river SALMON, warranted to be good, 3 cans for .25
 - High grade CORN, 3 packages for First prize clean CURRANTS, 3 packages for .25
 - New York APPLES, Greenings, per peck, .25
 - GINGER SNAPS, per pound, .08
 - Bell STARCH, 2 packages for Comb HONEY, per comb, .11

Finest Assortment ladies' Handbags
Golf and Fancy Hat Pins
Latest style in Waist Sets
Fine collection of Ladies' Belts, and many more new things that arrived this week
Be Sure and Look at this Line before making any purchases

Remember that we want your Produce and will pay the Highest Market Price for it. Are paying 20c for Butter, in Bargains.

Phone No. 1

I. REIFFEL, Prop.

500 New Articles on Our 10c Counter

Why Pay 20c and 25c for Articles We Sell for 10c?



Bargains Up to the Eyes

On our Ten-Cent Counter will be found an assortment of household necessities which should interest one searching for bargains. Space will not permit making a list so I kindly request you to spend a few minutes at my ten-cent counter. You will be surprised at how much a little money will buy.

Don't Forget

Sleepy Eye flour has declined.
Smoked white fish, eel and herring received fresh three times per week.
Rock and barrel salt kept under shelter.

Ralph Rundell, the Grocer

Old Phone 85. New Phone 68.
FREE, after February 15, a Goldfish with every One Dollar Cash Purchase

GIVE YOUR STOMACH A REST.

Your food must be properly digested and assimilated to be of any value to you. If your stomach is weak or diseased take Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It digests what you eat and gives the stomach a rest enabling it to recuperate, take on new life and grow strong again. Kodol cures sour stomach, gas, bloating, heart palpitation and all digestive disorders. L. A. Soper of Little Rock, Ky. writes us: "We feel that Kodol Dyspepsia Cure deserves all the commendation that can be given it, as it saved the life of our little girl when she was three years old. She is now six and we have kept it for her constantly, but of course she only takes it now when anything disagrees with her." Sold by Raymond's Pharmacy.

DESERVED POPULARITY.

To cure constipation and liver trouble by gently moving the bowels and acting as a tonic to the liver, take Little Early Risers. These famous little pills are mild, pleasant and harmless, but effective and sure. Their universal use for many years is a strong guarantee of their popularity and usefulness. Sold by Raymond's Pharmacy.

PUBLIC IS AROUSED.

The public is aroused to a knowledge of the curative merits of that great medicinal tonic, Electric Bitters, for sick stomach, liver and kidneys. Mary H. Walters, of 546 St. Clair Ave., Columbus, O., writes: "For several months I was given up to die. I had fever and ague, my nerves were wrecked; I could not sleep, and my stomach was so weak, from useless doctors' drugs, that I could not eat. Soon after beginning to take Electric Bitters, I obtained relief, and in a short time I was entirely cured." Guaranteed at Wayne Drug Co.; price 50c.

Public Auction

At my place, section 16, Wilbur precinct, 5 1/2 miles north and 8 miles west of Wayne, 8 1/2 south of Laurel, commencing at 12 o'clock with Free Lunch.

Monday, Feb. 13, 1905

The Following Described Property:
12 Head of Horses
8 good work Horses; 5 colts 8 months to 3 years old.
5 Young Cattle
70 Good Hogs 70
30 head Brood Sows and 40 head of Fall Shoats. 23 dozen Hens in Coops, Coops go with the Hens.

FARM MACHINERY

Two farm wagons, top buggy, set new driving harness, 4 set work harness, saddle and bridle, riding lister, one-row lister, corn plow, surface corn plow, 16-inch riding plow, one binder. Also 15 tons millet, household furniture and numerous other articles.

TERMS: 10 months time on approved note at 10 per cent interest. Sums \$10 and under Cash.

E. CUNNINGHAM AUCTIONEER.
ROLLIE LEVY, CLERK.

G. W. JONES.

NEW CARPETS

We have just received a line of Ingrain carpets of the newest patterns which we now carry in stock ready for delivery. We are sole agents in Wayne for the well known

RICHARDSON SUPERLATIVE CARPETS

of which we show a large assortment of samples in Wilton Velvet, Axminster, Tapestry Brussels and Body Brussels, all of the latest designs. We order room-size Rugs of all kinds subject to approval. Our prices are the lowest. See us for your carpet wants.

A. ROSENBERG

Wayne Cash Store

Leigh Bros., Props.

(Successors to Wm. Wittler)

New line of groceries now in and other new lines ordered. Give us a trial and we will treat you right. See our bargains in shirts and clothing.

Dr. R. L. Cosner, dentist, over First National Bank.

Miscellaneous, Personal and Otherwise.

Born, Sunday, a boy to Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Milligan.

A boy was born Monday to Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Tough.

W. E. Roggenbach was doing business in Sioux City Monday.

A thirteen-pound son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Alex Subr Tuesday.

June Conger will occupy the residence property recently vacated by O. B. Nellis.

Dr. Crawford arrived from Chicago last Thursday to attend the farmers' institute.

Today is ground hog day, in observance of which we will issue this family necessity.

W. N. Huse, of the Norfolk Daily News, was a Wayne visitor Tuesday afternoon.

John Bressler jr. entertained a sleighing party of young friends last Thursday afternoon.

Note the advertisement of Dr. Caldwell who will be in Wayne next Wednesday, February 8.

The young peoples' card club will gather at the residence of Rolla Ley this evening for a social time.

Charles Kellogg and wife of Knox county, were arrivals Monday to make a visit with parents and friends.

Mrs. John Goss, living six miles south of town, gave a dinner party for a number of lady friends last Friday.

Rev. E. E. Daley and wife attended the reception tendered Rev. Wright and bride at Carroll Thursday night.

Fred Brown moves this week into the Myers property now being vacated by Mrs. Johnson, who goes to Winside.

J. R. Manning, postmaster in the state senate, spent Saturday and Sunday with relatives and friends in Wayne.

About three-fourths of the people hereabouts are sick with grip or kindred diseases and the rest of us are not very well.

The Presbyterian ladies will have cakes for sale at J. W. Epler's store next Saturday afternoon, beginning at 2 o'clock.

David Stock Company appeared before small audiences in the opera house Monday and Tuesday evenings. It did not come up to expectations.

The Y. P. S. C. E. will have charge of the services at the Presbyterian church next Sunday evening and promise a very interesting program of addresses and music.

Representative McLeod renewed acquaintances in Wayne Saturday. As a member of the committee on public lands, he has been participating in a tour of inspection.

At the farmers' telephone meeting held on Tuesday it was decided to make a five year contract with the Northwestern Telephone Co. for attaching privileges.—Wakarusa Republican.

A. M. Cunningham of Madison county, who has been in charge of the funeral of Mrs. C. G. Terwilliger, Friday afternoon was largely attended and passed off pleasantly. Mrs. Terwilliger was presented with a beautiful souvenir spoon.

The "Busy Workers" met with Ruth Sherbahn Wednesday night. After the little guests finished their sewing they were served with refreshments. Miss Harrison played the piano for them, Eva Melior danced.

Mrs. Charles McLeod of Stanton, has been visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Chas and other friends for the past week and will leave today for Lincoln where her husband represents this and Stanton county in the legislature.

The annual meeting and reception of the Methodist Bible Circle took place at the home of Mrs. E. S. Blair Tuesday evening. A brief and appropriate program was followed by the serving of refreshments. It was a pleasant occasion.

Henry Beckenbauer and Alex Holz were called to West Point Tuesday afternoon by the death of Mrs. Edmund Hosen, to whom the former was a brother and the latter a nephew. They remained to attend the funeral held there today.

Jas. Alger returned Tuesday from Eaton, Col., to dispose of his personal property and settle affairs preparatory to removing to that place to locate permanently. He has a public sale here February 15. His wife did not accompany him.

Warren Bishop and family will leave about February 20, for Oklahoma where they have purchased a farm and expect to locate there at that time. Many friends will hope their new home may be all they expect and that they may prosper abundantly.

D. E. Miller of Flora, Indiana, is now sole owner of what was known as the Wayne Independent Telephone system, and expects to move his family here about June 1, where his children will have finished school for the year. Mr. Miller is a congenial, progressive citizen and a desirable acquisition to the town.

Arthur, the fourteen-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Schmitts, is very seriously ill with acute Bright's disease. Dr. Blair is in attendance and has been assisted by Dr. O'Neill of Sioux City. In response to the critical condition of the boy, Mrs. Schmitts' father arrived from Three Rivers, Mich., this morning.

Mrs. J. M. File leaves here tomorrow afternoon for a visit with relatives at Hixkew, Ohio. En-route she stops in Chicago, and Saturday evening at the auditorium there attends a reunion of her class of the Valparaiso Normal college. Being a celebration of the twenty-fifth anniversary of its graduation, Mrs. File is on the program to respond to a

Miss Paulina Piepenstock, aged 21 years, who moved from Wayne to Coonan, California, with her mother and brothers and sisters, about two years ago died there on Saturday from lung trouble. She was the daughter of August Piepenstock who died in Wayne three years ago. Wm. Piepenstock of Wayne, uncle of the young lady, received a telegram conveying the sad news.

A special from Wisner to yesterday's Norfolk News reports that William H. Tatrok, with her mother and brother, died from a heart ailment, an accident which might have killed him instantly and which did result in derailing a train and delaying it for five hours. He was driving in a bodeled. The lead caught in front of a switch on the railroad track at the east end of town. The train was derailed and the six derail on the engine on train No. 83. The farmer and his team were unhurt.

Seventeen members of the local lodge of Ben Hur went to Norfolk Monday evening to attend a district meeting, addressed by Supreme Chief Girard of Crawfordville, Ill. All had a good time and felt well repaid for having gone. Those who went: Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Newton, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Wright, Mrs. F. A. Berry, Mrs. Carrie Bruner, Mrs. I. E. Ellis, Miss Madge Abbott, James Bush, C. W. White, Adam Grier, Jas. McIntosh, Howard Whalen, A. Rosenberg, Oland Wright and Roy Buggies.

Our faith is badly shaken in the weather prophets. Although last fall they told us the winter would be mild, it has been high, the snow has been thin and loose, that the hogs melt and all other signs pointed to a very moderate winter, in fact to a phenomenally warm winter. Here it is just the beginning of February and look at your winter's supply of coal. It will tell you something about the winter has been to date and if that is not sufficient, get the record of the weather man, measure the ice on the ponds; there are a hundred ways or more in which you can ascertain those infernal false prophets that got some of us to believe their prognostications as a result will have to grow new epidermis on our ears, nose and toes for being so easily duped.

John G. Nelhardt, editor and manager of the Bancroft Blade, has tendered his resignation to the Blade Publishing Co. to take effect February 1st. In this connection he says: "Briefly stated, I was not fashioned for the pleasant and flowery path of a country editor. I cannot bring myself to place an epochal significance upon the fact that Mrs. Somebody went to the next town Saturday, or that Willie Brightboy has been ill with the mumps. I concede that this peculiarity amounts to incapacity." The work of collecting personal items is the drudgery of every country newspaper office, but as long as the publisher does that sort of intellectual pabulum, the printer man will have to supply it, just as the farmer has to clean his cow stable and the grocer has to swap calico for hen fruit and rancid butter. But in spite of Mr. Nelhardt's declaration of incapacity, he has really published a good newspaper.—Pender Republic.

The newspapers in the surrounding country are creating the impression that a very wicked case is on in Wayne over the local postoffice. For the benefit of our less informed brethren we desire to correct the prevailing erroneous impression. Wayne is not in a fight over this bit of patronage, because they care but very little who the postmaster is, they care only for a satisfactory office. Of course the fellows who want the place are hustling for "influence" to aid them in getting the place, but the public generally is pretty apathetic in the matter. The position is not one so very desirable as to attract any first class business man, and even if he were to accept the place it tendered to him, our city used to get excited over this matter and people took strong grounds on one side or the other; but that day has passed, as the average business man looks on the office as not being desirable, and it is perfectly willing to let the fellows who are foolish enough to seek this place that brings grief instead of joy and luxury to the man unfortunate enough to be able to land the appointment, have it.

HOSKINS

The church social Tuesday night, though the weather opposed, was a success in pleasure and profit. Net \$16.

A collection was taken up at Library last Saturday night and 71 cents raised. The "Literary Spirit" is shown to exist.

The Southwest Teachers' Reading Circle will meet February 10 at seven p. m., at the home of Harry and Verne Ziemer—Chapter V. The prairie country, papers by E. R. Gibson and Miss Frye. Leader of Discussion Anna Nelson. Chapter VI. Cotton, rice and corn. Papers by E. R. Gibson and Miss Frye. Harry Ziemer, leader of discussion.

CARROLL NEWS.

Mrs. W. L. Robinson was indisposed Saturday and Sunday but is herself again.

Postmaster James Baker is circulating a petition for another term in the Carroll office.

An effort is being made to secure another rural mail route to extend north and east from town.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. William Karath, Tuesday, January 24th, a son. All are happy and doing well.

The little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Robinson was seriously ill several days last week of pneumonia, but is now better.

Rev. E. L. Wright and wife are now "at home" to their friends in the O. E. Jones house west of the Methodist church.

The W. C. T. U. gave a social and entertainment in the A. O. U. hall last Friday evening. A large crowd was present and report a good time.

The baby boy of Dr. and Mrs. A. Texley has been quite sick of spinal meningitis for several days and at this time no improvement in his condition is noted.

Rev. Chas. S. Hughes went to Wakefield last Saturday where he remained over Sunday, conducting quarterly meeting services. He was accompanied by Mrs. Hughes. They returned Monday well pleased with their visit to their old parish.

Rev. F. M. Sisson spent Sunday with the local Methodist church conducting the second quarterly meeting services of this conference year. He preached both Sunday morning and evening to the delight of all, and administered the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper in connection with the morning service.

With the selling out of the Weible & Schmidt store, H. V. Garwood lost his old job as clerk, but as soon as released there, will enter the employ of M. S. Cole. He is being pursued by Mr. Linn to take a rest from his duties and to visit his old friends and relatives in Pennsylvania in the near future.

Guy Manning has sold his harness shop to G. W. Yarnan and Chas. W. Marshall, and will go to Colorado where he is interested with his brother, Roddy and others in some coal and lumber lands. His many friends are sorry to have him leave Carroll, as he has seen the town grow from the very start. The style of the new firm will be Chas. W. Marshall & Co.

Weible & Schmidt have sold their general merchandise store, S. J. Tracht of Winside, and Louis Erdemeyer of Maxon to the late firm of Weible & Schmidt, which is being liquidated this week. Both parties are young, single men and are just starting out in business for themselves. They have secured a good stock of goods and a good trade, and will no doubt meet with success. Mr. Schmidt, an assistant member of the bid firm does not know where he will locate, but will probably visit his old home in Germany before settling in business again.

For frequent and unexpected changes in business enterprises Carroll can give any other town in the county big odds and beat them half way. The largest and most important deal of the kind was transacted last week when R. D. Merrill & Co. sold out their entire business, consisting of hardware, furniture store and lumber yard to J. J. Mallock of Neligh, Nebraska. Mr. Merrill has been in Carroll for a number of years, and is known and respected by all. Mr. Mallock is the "and company" end of the deal in later acquisition of the town but is the best of both worlds. We are not informed what these gentlemen propose to do, but are informed that they will still make their home with us. Mr. Mallock is an extensive business man of Neligh, has purchased this business for the purpose of starting a son on in life. He is a very capable and congratulated in coming in possession of this business as it is one of the largest and best in the county. We welcome him among us.

COLLEGE NOTES.

Miss Eva Reed resumed her college work Monday after a week's detention at her home in Winside on account of sickness.

The ice men have nearly completed the college ice house, so that some of the present season's coldness may be tided over to a season when it will be more appreciated.

Mrs. Rowley (nee Miss Johnson, of Oakland), now of Pender, who was a student here in the winter term of 1899, visited the college and remembered friends on Monday.

Rev. Young addressed the college students in the chapel exercises Friday morning with a eloquent and touching exhortation to do, but especially the "diamonds in the rough."

The following are some recent additions to this year's teachers' class: Misses Dugger, McGee, Lemmon and Perry and Mr. McGee. Miss Edna Britton enrolled this week for work in the scientific course.

A rather brief but interesting meeting of the Y. M. and Y. W. C. A. was held Sunday afternoon, the theme being "Mastie" and addresses were made by Misses Stewart and Washburn. Much credit is due the committee for preparing the souvenir program.

There was no class work today from one to three o'clock on account of the funeral of Ross Cunningham. The death of one who at the beginning of the year was an active worker among us is a loss keenly felt by those who were privileged to come under the influence of Mr. Cunningham either as a teacher or as a friend. The whole college sympathizes with the bereaved parents and relatives.

On Saturday night of this week in the College chapel Prof. Wolfe will give his illustrated lecture on the Spanish-American war. This lecture is one upon which much effort has been spent in the collection of facts and the perfection of its form, and will be delivered with great care with force and earnestness and illustrates his subject with apt illustration and talking portrayal. He has a message for his hearers which is especially helpful to young people and interesting to all.

The westernmost of the two bright heavenly bodies so conspicuous on clear nights in the southwestern sky is the planet Venus. The other, about twenty degrees east, is the planet Jupiter. It will be interesting to watch how rapidly these planets will approach each other during the next four weeks, the former coming within five degrees of the latter in that time. Announcement recently comes from the Link observatory that a sixth satellite of Jupiter has been discovered, quite small and more remote than his other moons.

County Attorney J. A. Williams, of Pierce, upon invitation of President Pile, delivered his lecture on "The Real Boy and His Sister" before a large audience of students and citizens in the college chapel last Friday evening. The lecture spoke with force and earnestness and illustrates his subject with apt illustration and talking portrayal. He has a message for his hearers which is especially helpful to young people and interesting to all.

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If you want a good big real estate loan with easy terms of payment, see Phil E. Kohl.

Cheapest life insurance is a chamolive vest. Ladies and gents, all sizes. Wayne Drug Co.

Shelley & Young, the well known theatrical managers have arranged to produce the big musical "Cocktail" "Maloney's Wedding Day" here on Monday, February 13. An exceptionally clever company of vaudeville artists, superbly costumed, and a very pretty show girls are promised.

\$50,000 loaned on real estate in Wayne county by Phil E. Kohl in January 1905. The terms must be right to do so large a business.

A few days ago a representative of the HERALD was talking to Phil E. Kohl, exclusive agent for the Union Central Life Insurance about real estate and learned that during the month of January he made over \$50,000 in real estate loans, and that this immense business was due to the extraordinary rates and options given by the company. Mr. Kohl is able to loan on 100 acres in sums ranging from \$500 to \$4,000, and on something really well improved and near Wayne could go a little higher. One of the great inducements offered by this loan company is the length of time these loans are made for, being ten years or more.

MARKET REPORT.
Prices in Wayne today, Thursday.
Wheat 85 Cattle 4.25 to 4.75
Corn 82 Hogs 3.75
Butter 28
Barley 26 Eggs

DON'T SAY YOU DIDN'T KNOW IT

Every year, after we have sold out all the winter clothing we had left at this season of the year, we have customers that say they didn't know we were selling overcoats at 25 per cent. off and boys' refter coats at half price and fur coats at 10 per cent. off.

YOU KNOW IT NOW

If you want these bargains come now as they are going fast and will not last long. Plenty of time yet to wear fur coats and overcoats. They are cheap now and will be higher priced next year. Make money by saving it on things that you must have to wear.

HAVE YOU GOT EARS?

If your ears are not frosted so bad that you can not hear, let us tell you that our caps will now be sold at half price. Now is the time to buy a cap, for the next two weeks is cap weather. Get one and save half the price. Don't forget to wear Staley underwear if you want to live until warm weather. If yours is getting thin, buy new and wear the old next spring. You can't afford to die.

The 2 Johns
ONE PRICE CLOTHIERS
WAYNE NEB.

Public Auction!

The undersigned will sell at public sale on the old Pete Nelson place five and one-half miles east of Wayne and two and one-half miles west of Wakefield, commencing at 12 o'clock

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 14

7 Head of Horses
61 Head of Cattle
30 Head of Hogs
Farm Machinery

E. CUNNINGHAM, Auctioneer.
LEVI KIMBALL, Clerk.

Fred E. Peterson

Public Auction!

I will sell at public auction four miles southwest of Concord, four and one-half miles south and three and one-half miles east of Lyndal, eight and one-half miles north and one-half mile west of Wayne, commencing at 10 o'clock a. m., on

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 10

7 Head of Horses
26 Head of Cattle
50 Head of Hogs
Farm Machinery

E. CUNNINGHAM, Auctioneer.
DAVID PAUL, Clerk.

S. G. Anderson

Public Auction!

I will sell at public auction at my farm three miles east and one mile south of Hoskins and three miles west and five miles south of Winside, commencing at 12 o'clock, noon, on

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 17

6 Head of Horses
50 Head of Cattle
40 Head of Hogs
Farm Machinery

E. CUNNINGHAM, Auctioneer.
J. F. GROSBY, Clerk.

Henry E. Miller

FIRST - NATIONAL - BANK

OLDEST BANK IN WAYNE COUNTY

J. M. STRAHAN, President. F. E. STRAHAN, Vice-Pres. H. F. WILSON, Cashier.
H. S. RINGLAND, Ass't Cashier.

Capital and Surplus, \$100,000.

DIRECTORS:— J. M. Strahan, F. E. Strahan, H. S. Ringland, George Deery, Frank Fuller, John T. ...

RIOTING AND PILLAGE

WARSAW THE STORM CENTER OF RUSSIA SUNDAY.

Quiet at St. Petersburg—Expected Trouble Did Not Occur at Moscow—The Influence of Grand Duke Sergius Russia's Evil Genius.

Rioting and pillage are in progress in Warsaw, in spite of the presence of large numbers of troops. The consular officers there are reported to have been assaulted by Hussars, and the matter, it is said, has been called to the attention of the St. Petersburg government by the British ambassador.

A severe storm at Moscow aided the authorities there in averting disorder which was thought to be impending. There were no disturbances in St. Petersburg. In Batum Prince Gurlieli, an officer of the police, was assassinated.

The influence of Grand Duke Sergius, the foremost of the reactionaries, is alleged to have governed Emperor Nicholas ever since the strike troubles began, and that members of the imperial family is reported to be determined on drastic measures for the suppression of all agitation for economic or political reforms.

Reports continue that the terrorists are prepared to resume their activities. Father Gopon, the leader of the St. Petersburg workmen, is reported to have escaped to Stockholm. The holy synod has denounced him as a "criminal priest," a betrayer of his sacred office.

Evidence is accumulating that Emperor Nicholas, throughout the present crisis, has acted largely upon the advice of Grand Duke Sergius, who is the most reactionary member of the imperial family, the head of which is decried as the war party, and whom the liberals stigmatize as Russia's evil genius.

With the first appearance of Father Gopon in the movement Sergius urged the necessity of putting down the demonstrations in the most energetic manner. Since Sunday last his hand is considered to have been visible in the appointment of Gen. Tropp to the government of St. Petersburg, with the exceptional powers conferred upon him.

EXCEEDS HALF A MILLION.

Severe Loss in Omaha's Big Fire Sunday Morning.

The fire which started Saturday at midnight in the wholesale district of Omaha, Neb., was the most destructive in the history of that city. The total loss will exceed half a million dollars. A revised list of the losses is as follows:

D. Mercer, on building, \$125,000; Millard estate, on building (estimated), \$30,000; Dr. Harold Gifford, on building, \$15,000; P. Kirkendall Shoe Company, on stock, \$125,000; M. E. Smith & Co., on stock, \$75,000; J. R. Snyder & Co., on stock, \$20,000; J. Bingham & Sons, on stock, \$2,500; Porter-Keyerson-Hoolick Co., on stock, \$40,000; Vogel & McClain Co., on stock, \$30,000; C. H. Mullin & Co., on stock, \$2,500; Marsh & Marsh Commission Co., on stock, \$1,500; Moore & Co., on stock, \$2,500; Martin & Ott Hat Company, on stock, \$10,000.

In addition to these were a number of small losses aggregating perhaps \$20,000.

The fire started from an overheated stove in the wholesale house of C. H. Mullin & Co.

Gambling on the Ice.

A St. Louis special says: The Mississippi River is frozen over from the Missouri to the Illinois shore and complaints have been made that gambling is being carried on in midriver of the ice. The police authorities of East St. Louis, Ill., and St. Louis have detailed detectives to patrol, from each side to the middle of the river.

Rioting in Italy.

Many meetings were held Sunday in the principal towns of Italy to protest against the alleged Russian atrocities. The more notable of these meetings were at Naples, Pisa, Ancona, Messina, Genoa and Brindisi. At the last named place an attempt was made to pull down the Russian arms from the door of the consulate.

Sudden Death in Bath.

Shut in the steamroom of a Russian bath house in Hester Street, New York, two young men were scalded to death before their plight was realized by the attendants. Abraham Stern, the proprietor of the bath house, and five of the attendants were arrested.

Boiler Explosion.

The boiler of a freight engine on the Big Four Railroad exploded ten miles west of Bloomington, Ill., Sunday. Fireman William Paddy, of Jamestown, Ind., was killed, and Ray Lawrence, a brakeman, was badly injured.

St. Louis Stock Market.

Saturday's quotations on the St. Louis City stock market follow: Butcher steers, \$3.50@4.25. Top hogs, \$4.00.

Three Men Asphyxiated.

The fumes from a hard coal stove at St. Louis caused the deaths of Mrs. Louise Miller, aged 60 years, and her two grandchildren, Mora and Clarence Jones, aged 12 and 11, respectively, all being negroes.

Vanhan Gets Thirty-Five Years.

Harry H. Vanhan, convicted at St. Louis, Mo., on a charge of being an habitual criminal, was sentenced to thirty-five years' imprisonment in the penitentiary.

Gas Explosion Injures Twelve.

New Bremen, O.: The accumulation of natural gas from a leak in the meter in the Diener building, Washington and Monroe streets, resulted in an explosion Friday, wrecking the building and injuring twelve people. Two of them being in serious condition. The front and side walls were blown out.

Robbers Loot a Bank.

The Farmers and Merchants bank at Canadian, nineteen miles north of South McAlester, Y. T., was looted Saturday. The safe was blown and \$1,300 in cash was stolen.

FOR MURDER OF TODD.

J. W. Young and Two Sons Have Been Arrested.

J. W. Young and two sons, Gerney and John, were turned over to Sheriff Abbott at Miller, S. D., Friday night. They were brought from their home, sixteen miles west of Westington Springs, charged with complicity in the George Todd murder northeast of Miller last October. Six officers and others went to meet them, but they met with no opposition. The men have employed counsel and expect to prove their innocence, but the officers claim to have a strong case against at least one of them. They were met by large crowds of people at Miller and at Westington, where the crime was committed.

The hearing will take place Tuesday. The body of George Todd was found on his farm last October. Todd's farm adjoined that of Jacob Johnson, who has been missing since last summer and is believed to have been murdered. It is believed that the two men were victims of the same blood-greedy persons. Head County, in which the men lived, offered a reward of \$5,000 for the arrest of the perpetrators. Head County, adjoining, offered \$2,000 additional reward.

A Westington Springs, S. D., special says: Gerald and John Young were arrested on their ranch twelve miles west of here, Friday for the murder of Jacob Johnson and a man by the name of Todd, both bachelors, who lived north of Westington and mysteriously disappeared last summer. The body of Todd was found hidden near his shanty, while Johnson was lured to North Dakota on a land deal and later his body was found in an old well.

The motive for the crimes appeared to be robbery, as both men were known to have money which cannot be found. One who fed the men supposed to be the murderers has identified John Young as being one of them, and it is thought that Elmer was the one with him.

MURDER CHARGED.

'Jacko' Wilson Identified as Chas. Edroy's Assassin.

'Jacko' Wilson, one of the most notorious criminals in the northwest and a member of the famous gang which robbed the Quinby (La.) bank over a year ago, has been arrested in Yankton, S. D., on the charge of having murdered Chas. Edroy, alias Joe O'Brien, in Sioux City, Ia., on the afternoon of Jan. 12 in an alley off Iowa Street, between First and Second Streets. The police say that they have conclusive evidence against him.

The criminal record of John Wilson is a long one. He has been mixed up in some sensational crimes, and has "done time" a number of times, his last 'jolt' having been served in the penitentiary at Sioux Falls for a postoffice robbery. He was known to be an expert "pete" man, or bank burglar, and was considered dangerous.

TERRIBLE KLONDIKE STORM.

Much Suffering Among Miners and Prospectors.

The worst blizzard ever known in the Klondike region raged last Thursday, Friday and Saturday. This news was brought down to Vancouver, B. C., by the steamer Dolphin from Skagway. All trails are impassable and the snow is drifted in many places to a depth of twenty feet. Miner and prospectors are said to be suffering untold hardships, and advice says there is fear that some men will die of cold and starvation. Ten days ago a party started from Fairbanks to Valdes, and another from Fairbanks to Dawson. It is feared that both of these have been lost.

DRIVEN TO SEA BY GALE.

Steamer Reaches Port After Two Days' Struggle.

A New York special says: After having been blown 125 miles to sea from off Barnegat, N. J., in the bitter gale Wednesday, the steamer Bernilla arrived Friday with decks, sides, bridge, boats and rigging sheathed in ice from four to six inches thick. Several of the crew were either frost-bitten or injured by being thrown upon the slippery deck. Part of her deck house was broken by the seas.

Whole Family Murdered.

The home of John Kirby, a farmer who moved to Tampa, Fla., last October from Blount County, Ala., was found in ashes and in the smoldering ruins were found the bodies of Kirby, his wife and four children, ranging in age from a boy of 12 to an infant 1 year old. Investigation resulted in the conclusion that the entire family had been murdered and a torch applied to the dwelling.

Yaquis Kill Three More.

A special from El Paso, Tex., says: Antonio Astor, a member of a prominent Mexican family, with two servants, has been murdered by Yaqui Indians in the same vicinity where four Americans were slain last Thursday. The family of M. Doane, a ranchman, was robbed, but was allowed to escape alive.

Blanket Indictment Returned.

The grand jury at New York Friday handed down a blanket indictment in connection with the Dodge-Morse case, the indictment containing charges against six or eight men.

Whale Hooked by Cable.

When the officers of the cable steamer Burnside attempted to raise the Sikta cable of the Alaskan cable Thursday they found it fouled with a whale. The jaws of the Leviathan were fastened about the cable, which is covered by a heavy packing of rubber.

Austrian Steamer Seized.

The Japanese seized the Austrian steamer Burma, with a cargo of coal for Vladivostok, off Hokkaido island Wednesday night.

Fierce New York Fire.

A fierce fire at the corner of South and Building Streets, in New York, in a building occupied by manufacturers of oil and ship chandeliers, raged Thursday. Many other buildings were threatened, including the Murray line steamship offices and the United States bonded warehouse and the Price Hotel.

A Miner Is Stranded.

Johnathan, Tennessee, advises state that the largest mass ever discovered has been found near Prentiss. The stone weighs 3,002 carats, and is valued at from \$3,000,000 to \$4,000,000.

STRIKE IS BREAKING.

Russian Workmen Returning to Employment.

With troops patrolling the streets in St. Petersburg, Moscow, Libau, Odessa and other industrial centers of Russia, there were Thursday no serious collisions with strikers. In Moscow some of the employers are evincing a willingness to make some concessions to their workmen, but there has been no general agreement on that point. In St. Petersburg the return of workmen has enabled several factories to resume operations, and the authorities hope to witness a general resumption there on Monday.

The minister of the interior has promised to consider the cases of the prominent writers who were sent to the St. Peter and St. Paul fortress for their activity in the political and economic agitation, and he has given a qualified promise that they shall be released.

Although the strikes in Revel, Libau, Kioff, Odessa, and a number of smaller places are extending, the situation is nowhere acute. An increasing number of workmen are out in Moscow, but there is no general tieup or disorder. The Russian capital presents almost a normal appearance, and the authorities are confident that the strike has been broken. Some of the factories and mills already have resumed, and a general resumption of operations is expected on Monday. The authorities expect that the failure of the strike at St. Petersburg will have a discouraging effect on the workmen in other cities, to which the troubles have been spreading, and believe there is no longer danger of a complete suspension of all the industrial concerns of Russia.

DEATH IN THE GOLD.

A Number of People Perish in Eastern Cities.

The clearing weather which followed the great storm Wednesday brought New York the coldest day it has experienced in many years. During the early hours of Thursday, the mercury reached the zero mark. Terrible suffering is reported among the residents of the poorer quarters of the city, where thousands were without sufficient heat, clothing or food. Charitable institutions were packed to their capacity during the night. Although the storm cleared, comparatively early, many lines of transportation were unable to make their usual schedules early Thursday. Thousands of persons slept Wednesday night in the railroad stations and ferry houses, because of the inability of the railroads and ferries to take them to their homes through the blockade of snow.

The plight of the passengers stalled in trains in outlying sections of the city was pitiable.

CRUSADE ON COCAINE.

Physicians Urge Gov. Folk to Make War on Drug.

An effort will be made by St. Louis physicians to induce Gov. Folk to take against persons in Missouri who sell cocaine without a physician's prescription, action similar to that taken against wine runners. "Recent reports of superintendents of penal institutions," said Dr. Joseph J. Boehm, "show that many crimes are committed by individuals while under the influence of cocaine. "One would be surprised to learn the number of society women who use either a popular cathart or other preparations that are for the greater part pure cocaine."

YELLOW JACK ON WARSHIP.

One Death and Six Suspected Cases in the Boston at Panama.

A bulletin issued by the American legation at Panama Thursday announced one death and six cases of suspected yellow fever on board the cruiser Hecatombe. The sanitary staff is investigating the ship. From July 18 to Jan. 20, eighteen cases and deaths from yellow fever have been reported at Panama and Colon.

House of Church Women.

The Episcopal convention for the diocese of California, held in San Francisco on Thursday, adopted a canon creating a house of church women. The duties are defined as follows: "To legislate for the conduct of women's work in the church, and to act in consultative capacity upon such matters as the convention may from time to time submit to it for its opinion."

To End Great Strike.

An Insaan, Prussia, dispatch says that the coal mine owners took a decision Thursday that will probably result in a settlement of the great strike. They determined to inform the government they would accept any judgment a parliamentary commission might render after inquiry into the grievances of the miners, and the owners would immediately remove the grievances.

Danger of a Lynching.

Mrs. Ida Perdue, aged 28, and Humboldt, aged 30, her half brother, charged with the murder of the woman's husband, Dr. Emmet Perdue, at her home at Richmond, Mo., have been taken to Kansas City and placed in the county jail for safe keeping, the sheriff of Richmond fearing that an attempt might be made to lynch them.

Steamer Is Wrecked.

A Paris special says that the Compagnie Generale transatlantique steamship Alexander Bixie, capt. Croton, from Colon and West Indian ports for Havre, has been totally wrecked near Nantes. There were no casualties.

McCue Arrested.

The Virginia supreme court of appeals has denied the supplementary appeal in the case of ex-Mayor McCue, of Charlottesville, convicted of wife murder. He will be hanged Feb. 10.

Refugees Suffer Greatly.

Four junks, after encountering seven days' contrary winds and blizzard weather, reached Chefoo Friday with 170 refugees from Port Arthur, who suffered severely from exposure. Two thousand refugees are now on board ship at Chefoo, which will take them to Russia.

Hungry Men Eat Life.

After writing a note explaining that he would take his life because he was weak for want of food, Robert Bowen, 35 years of age, a metal polisher, drank chloral hydrate in his room at St. Louis, Mo.

Man and Team Killed.

L. D. Fackler was struck and instantly killed by a train at Shelton. His team was also killed and wagon demolished.

Burned in Explosion.

Mrs. John Laffor lies at her home in Gordon in a critical condition, the result of a burn sustained in a coal oil explosion. Mrs. Laffor started to prepare the noonday meal and poured kerosene in the kitchen stove. Her husband sustained severe burns about the hands and face in his fight against the flames. Mrs. Laffor will probably recover.

Acquit Alleged Rustlers.

Charles and Bert Miller, two brothers residing in Paducah, in the county of Holt County, who had been accused of stealing hogs, have been declared not guilty by a jury at O'Neill.

STATE OF NEBRASKA

NEWS OF THE WEEK IN A CONDENSED FORM.

Intemperance and Paupers—State Board of Charities and Corrections Says the First Causes Most of the Others—Some Statistics.

The state board of charities and corrections has discovered that the cause of dependence in the state is mainly chargeable to drunkards. In the report to the governor for the past biennium the secretary of the board, John Davis, calls attention to the evil created by the drift of habit. Drunkenness is made for an indeterminate sentence law, and some more systematic inspection and control of county poor houses. The juvenile court law is also favored, and a recommendation is made for an improvement in the condition of jail buildings in the state.

However, the state is not alone in its problems for the board has found that other states are in the same chaotic condition. "Nebraska is making a fair beginning," the report says, "in the care of these classes, but the need for help from all philanthropic people, from our officers and our legislative bodies we feel confident that it will not be many years before we take a front rank in these lines, as we already do in education."

Reference is made to the compulsory education law as a preventive of crime, and it is urged that the state should deal with very tax enforcement outside of the cities which have tramp officers. The board concludes that the enforcement of the compulsory education law would prevent much crime and reduce the number of commitments to the industrial school.

Of 2,822 people are receiving aid in or out of the poor houses of the state, according to the report. In the poor houses 743 have been cared for. The total cost was \$104,771. The per capita cost ranges from \$1.02 to \$4.14 a week. Some special cases cost nearly \$4 a day.

Attention is made to the cases of dependent women who are crippled and the suggestion is made that they could be cared for better at some central institution, the counties paying their pro rata share. Of those being cared for by the counties 230 are female inmates, 95 are crippled and diseased, while 140 are sentenced as being insane. Of 457 people who are not, it is alleged, properly cared for.

DEATH FROM EXPOSURE.

Farmer Starts to Walk Home and Dies Enroute.

Frank H. D. Hunt, a farmer and old resident, residing near the old town of Hildreth, was found dead on Wednesday between his home and St. Paul Wednesday. The best information is that Mr. Hunt had been at St. Paul, where he had been doing some trading, and started home on foot. The road from his home to St. Paul is around a bluff facing the Missouri River to the northwest and is a very bad road, and it is supposed he got cold, which induced heart failure to the extent he could not travel and he froze to death. When found he was badly frozen.

Would Prohibit Football.

Jail sentences and terms in the penitentiary are rewards Representative A. V. Cunningham, of Hamilton, seeks to allot to the gridiron heroes of the state. He has introduced a bill which is emphatically forbidding football, specifying a jail sentence for the first offense and two years in prison for the second. Spectators are liable to the same punishment as the players.

Blew Out the Gas.

Henry Kane, a merchant of Lynch, about 60 years of age, was found dead in room 30 at the Merchants Hotel in Sioux City Wednesday morning, death having evidently been caused by asphyxiation. The smell of gas was plainly detected in the room in which the man was found. Everything pointed to an accidental death.

Child's Narrow Escape.

A loaded shotgun, kept handy for ducks, came very nearly being the end of a little baby boy in the home of Otis Feltz, near Stanton. The boy fell through a door when the gun discharged. A portion of the charge pierced the little fellow's clothing and one shot broke into the flesh.

Otoe Poultry Association.

A number of the leading poultry men of Nebraska City and vicinity held a meeting Wednesday night and organized the Otoe County Poultry and Pet Stock Association. It was decided to hold a poultry and pet stock show in Nebraska City. The first city show was held at that place in 1887. The membership in Otoe County is limited to residents of Otoe County.

Superintendent Clark Resigns.

Honorable M. Clark, superintendent of the girls' industrial school at Geneva, Thursday filed his resignation with Gov. Mickey, to take effect Feb. 15. Mr. Clark gave as a reason that his private interests demanded his attention. Mr. Clark has been superintendent of the school for the last four years.

Lincoln Fire Loss.

Accurate information regarding the losses by Tuesday night's big fire at Lincoln will not be available until a conservative estimate would be in the neighborhood of \$23,000.

Ames Factory May Entangle.

The Standard Beet Sugar Company, at Ames, is well satisfied with results after closing up all details of the last season, which ended Jan. 14. It has decided to enlarge the capacity of the factory, provided the company can be assured of more beets from the farmers in that vicinity.

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KILLED BY THE CARS.

Riding on the Track and Both Horse and Man Killed.

W. A. Morrow, about 27 years old, son of Clint Morrow, of Modale, Ia., was killed at Blair Thursday evening, about half mile west of the Missouri River railroad bridge by the engine of an extra westbound freight train. Morrow rode a horse over to Blair in the morning and on returning to the evening west end on the railroad, instead of taking the wagon road.

When about 250 feet from the crossing he was struck by the train, killing the horse and rider, the man falling close to the rails and the horse being thrown about 100 feet down an embankment. Morrow's fall was highly fatal, but was identified by Dr. J. D. Wilcox, of Modale, who has known him from a boy.

LINCOLN HAS SERIOUS FIRE

Several Buildings Destroyed at an Early Morning Blaze.

Five, discovered in the lower floor of the building occupied by the Lincoln overall and shirt factory at Lincoln, Tuesday night, completely destroyed that building, the furnace block adjoining and spread to the building occupied by the Lincoln Hardware Company. The buildings are located at Thirteenth and P streets, across from the Oliver theater and that building was in danger. The entire fire department was at work, but owing to the extreme cold and the hard work to get ready to run the engines the fire was not controlled until the morning. The furniture block, adjoining on the north, and the Lincoln Hardware Company across the alley to the south, were both burned.

STATE INSTITUTION SCANDAL

Serious Charge Against Former Employee of State at Beatrice.

Some commotion has been caused in the institution for female inmates at Beatrice by the discovery by Dr. Johnson, the superintendent, that a woman in one of the wards of the institution is soon to become a mother. The woman is about 35 years of age and has been an inmate of the institution for several years. Suspicion is made that a former employee of the institution was discharged about four months ago as the guilty person. Dr. Johnson reported the matter to Gov. Mickey, and has placed the case in the hands of County Attorney Killen. Neither Dr. Johnson nor County Attorney Killen will divulge the names of the parties connected with the affair.

CHILDREN HAVE CLOSE CALL

Panic Starts in Theater at Alliance, but is Quelled.

Through the confusion caused by a child falling a city of fire was raised at the Phenix opera house at Alliance Saturday afternoon, which resulted in a panic among an audience composed entirely of children, that would have proved fatal had not the members of the company and other cool-headed people worked energetically for a few minutes.

MURDER TRIAL AT FULLERTON

Bert Tarpening Was Tried a Second Time for Killing M. Edgington.

An adjourned term of the district court opened at Fullerton, Wednesday, with Judge Hollenbeck on the bench. The work of selecting a jury to try Bert Tarpening, the young man who on the morning of April 7 last struck with his fist and killed Maynard Edgington in front of Gay's billiard hall in Fullerton, was immediately commenced. A special venire for fifty jurors was issued. It is thought by the attorneys interested in the case that the entire week will be consumed in the trial. It was tried last June before Judge Reader and the jury being unable to agree was discharged.

Pierce Sued for \$10,000.

Dr. L. R. Brown, a dentist at Pierce, has filed suit in the district court against the village of Pierce and Mrs. L. M. Mohrman for the sum of \$10,000 damages for defective sidewalk. Last fall while on duty with the water works he fell himself on a loose board and fell spraining his side quite severely. He was not able to be out of doors for several weeks.

Tekamah May Get Electric Lights

At a regular meeting of the city council at Tekamah an ordinance was passed providing for the submission to the qualified electors of the city a proposition for the purpose of purchasing or installing an electric lighting system or plant, to be owned and operated by the city.

Shut Her Stove Too Tight.

The body of Mrs. Henry Gramum was found lying on the bed at her home in Lincoln, death resulting from escaping gas. The heat of the stove was so tight that the chimney pipe was shut off tight, and the woman lay in the adjoining room gas, as usual, as she had slept.

New Lights for Geneva.

Tuesday evening the current was turned on and for the first time the streets of Geneva were lighted. The residences are not yet ready. The contract agreed to have the lights for Jan. 1, but a delay in shipping the are lights for the main street hindered the work.

Child Scalded to Death.

While his mother was mopping Saturday afternoon, the 16-month-old daughter of Henry Haggan, of Randolph, fell into a pan of scalding water, which stood on the floor, and was so severely injured that it died six hours later.

Child Shot by Playmate.

While her brother and a neighbor boy were playing with a loaded 22-caliber revolver, the latter shot and killed a 10-year-old Mabel Crable, who was fatally wounded in the arm. The mishap occurred at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James Crable, in Hastings.

Large Barn Burned.

The large barn on the Simon Wheeler farm southwest of Dixon, was burned to the ground Monday morning. The loss is estimated at about \$700, partially covered by insurance.

Smallpox Case at Milford.

A patient in the girls' industrial school at Milford has smallpox and one of the large buildings has been placed under quarantine. The patient is a woman recently sent out from Lincoln. At this time there are twenty-eight inmates in the institution, but the authorities do not fear a spread of the disease.

Violent Storm Buried.

The general merchandise store of J. F. Ford & Son, at Violet, six miles west of Pawnee City, was completely destroyed by a violent storm. Only the business building in the village and was a loss of about \$2,000, partly insured.

Legislative.

HOUSE.

The house met at 2 p. m. Monday after a recess since Saturday noon. A bill by Jackson, of Antelope, establishing cities of less than 5,000 to establish and maintain public works was passed. Increasing the number of supreme court commissioners from three to six and as many stenographers as the court may deem necessary, a bill by Windham, of York, an emergency measure, was laid over for further consideration by the committee of the whole. At 3:35 the house adjourned.

HOUSE.

These bills were introduced in the house Monday: By House of Representatives, defining the duties, liabilities and rights of barkeepers, hotelkeepers, restaurant-keepers, boarding and lodging house keepers in certain cases. By Dodge, of Douglas, to take out of the jurisdiction of an incorporated city any agricultural lands situated within corporate limits.

TO STAMP OUT REVOLT

RUSSIAN GOVERNMENT ADOPTS RIGOROUS MEASURES

Czar Pleads with Workers to Cease Their Insurrection - Widespread Reforms Planned in a Proclamation Issued by Treppoff in St. Petersburg.

While at the time this is written the military evidently have the situation in St. Petersburg well in hand, although say that great excitement exists throughout the country. Gen. Treppoff, the new Governor General of St. Petersburg, has been given absolute authority over the military and police, and even vested with the power of exile, and it is evident that the government is dealing firmly with the situation. Many persons being arrested, among them being Maxim Gorky, the author and reform leader, who the Associated Press is privately informed, was taken into custody at his home at Higva. A notice was posted at all the works in St. Petersburg giving the strikers twenty-four hours to return to work and intimating that those who do not comply will be deported to the villages.

Governor General Treppoff and Minister of Finance Kokovlev issued a proclamation which reveals the government's plan for breaking the strike throughout Russia.

The proclamation is conceived in a paternal tone and points out that honest workmen, who want to better their condition, should have brought their demands to the government instead of being misled by agitators into affiliating with a movement which is not confined to economic aspirations. It invites them to return to work, promising them in the Emperor's name a revision of the general law so as to restrict the hours of labor, the institution of a plan for State insurance and otherwise to meet their demands so far as the law will permit, and guarantees them protection against interference by agitators.

By promising to settle the question of the hours of labor, which are now legally eleven in Russia, the authorities believe they will meet the main grievance of the workmen. This, together with the generosity of protection, the authorities hope will induce

NOT YET A REVOLUTION.

Disturbance in Russia Not Like that Which Battered France in Blood.

Many thought that the scenes in St. Petersburg were but the opening of a revolution similar to the tragedy that bathed France in blood. There was little similarity between the two.

In Russia we have on the one side the nobility, the rich and powerful, and on the other side, the poor and ignorant, who have never had any voice in government nor a single right that the throne was bound to respect. The line is sharply drawn. The ruling class has soldiers and the will to use them. In France the people had been given a taste of government in the assembling of the States General. They wanted more of it. Not only that, but in their ranks were many men and women of the titled class who believed that the government should have a hand in government, that the power of the monarch should be strictly limited. On the throne was Louis XVI., a mild-mannered individual, without any great amount of force. Leaving the justice of the people's cause out of the question, there isn't a doubt that if he had had the soldiers and the nerve to use them, there would have been no French burg, there would have been no French



MAXIM GORKY.

Maxim Gorky, the great Russian novelist and ardent revolutionist, shortly before his arrest wrote as follows:

The bloody days of the day of freedom will be followed by more slaughter, but in the end the people will triumph. The people carried their faith in the "Little Father" up to the Neva gate.

In one volley the soldiers of the Czar destroyed the power of his name. Every village had a soldier who was made has a role that will pronounce the end of absolutism in Russia.

Instead of suppressing by terror they have aroused a spirit that will never die until the old order of things is forever buried.

January 22 will be a date in the history of the world's progress that will never be forgotten.

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BIG WOLF DRIVE HELD.

Two Hundred Hunters with 150 Dogs Slaughtered and Killed Fifty Beasts.

The greatest wolf drive in the history of the West was held in the United States pasture preserve near Chattanooga, O. T. recently, says a Lawton special to the St. Louis Post-Dispatch. The drive was not only the greatest, but also the most successful. Nearly 50 wolves were killed, and countless rabbits and other small game. There were many accidents, but none of them serious. Fully 200 hunters participated, with nearly 150 dogs. The hunters and the dogs came from the country towns in a radius of 50 miles.

In addition, about 500 spectators, chiefly women, witnessed the roundup. An old-time, "buck" dinner followed, and while the consumption of food was enormous because of the extraordinary appetites the hunt had aroused, there was plenty for all, and several baskets were filled from what was left.

No other wolf hunt was ever so thoroughly advertised, and by noon, the hour set for the drive to begin, the day being cloudless, all the participants were in the place that had been assigned to them by the general of the hunt, J. W. Williams.

Under his arrangement the hunters, with their dogs, were placed to form a circle about the portion of the pasture over which the drive was to be made.

The preserve includes 480,000 acres, but only a part of it could be covered by the hunters. The scene of the hunt was a flat grassy prairie, the only trees being along streams that run throughout.

The "circle of death" was over 10 miles in circumference and nearly 4 miles in diameter. The hunters were close enough together to guard the spaces between them and to use their shot guns effectively if any of the hunted creatures should attempt to escape.

At the word from the general the division commanders passed the command to move along the long line and within five minutes the circle began to close in on its prey. Simultaneously the dogs were unleashed and the work of death began.

The spectacle of the great roundup, contrasting slowly while the wolves, seen on every hand, dashed frantically about the circled plain looking vainly for a place of exit was sufficiently thrilling to satisfy any one with the love of sport in his heart.

The order of the general of the hunt was that no shots should be fired until the roundup and wolves should be close enough together to guard the spaces between them and to use their shot guns effectively if any of the hunted creatures should attempt to escape.

When the circle had become compact and the hunters were not more than 75 yards apart the slaughter began. It was extraordinary that, with such pronounced shooting, some of the hunters were not killed, but your Oklahoma marksman usually hits that at which he aims, and there were no human casualties in this case.

After all the wolves that were caught in the corral were slaughtered their pelts were taken by enterprising dealers and the carcasses were left strewn upon the plain to become food for the thousands of their fellow creatures whom the hunters had not harmed.

By the time the slaughtering was completed it was late in the afternoon and everybody was hungry for the feast that awaited.

War on Cocaine in India.

The drug cocaine has laid such a hold on the natives of India that the authorities are making strenuous efforts to prevent its unrestricted distribution.

Within the last few years a shipment of cocaine worth a lac of rupees (\$33,330) was shipped to Calcutta, and the excise department intervened, with the result that the cocaine had to be sent back to England.

The results of taking cocaine regularly for any length of time are dreadful. The immediate effect is a delightful feeling of languor, the ultimate effect is the ruin of mind and body.

In Europe and America the drug is usually taken by injection, but the Indian found another method. "Pan sari" was already an institution. "Pan sari" was a kind of native chewing

CONSTITUTION.

ARTICLE I.—SAME.

ARTICLE 2.—OBJECTS.

First.—To insure, so far as possible, a permanent condition of peace, prosperity and steady employment to the people of Battle Creek.

Second.—To energetically assist in maintaining law and order at all times under all conditions.

Third.—To protect its members in their rights to manage their property and to dispose of their labor in a legal, lawful manner without restraint or interference.

Fourth.—To insure and permanently maintain fair, just treatment, one with another in all the relations of life.

Fifth.—To preserve the existing right of any capable person to obtain employment and sell his labor, without being obliged to join any particular church, secret society, labor union or any other organization, and to support all such persons in their efforts to resist compulsory methods on the part of any organized body whatsoever.

Sixth.—To promote among employers a spirit of fairness, friendship and desire for the best interests of their employees, and to promote among workmen the spirit of industry, thrift, fidelity to their employers and good citizenship.

Seventh.—To so amalgamate the public sentiment of all of the best citizens of Battle Creek, that a guarantee can be given to the world of a continuance of peaceful conditions, and that under such guarantee any protection against strikers and capitalists can be induced to locate their business enterprises in Battle Creek.

Then follows articles relating to membership, officers, duties, etc., etc., etc. This constitution has been signed by the great majority of representative citizens, including our work people.

A number of manufacturers from other cities, where they had been suffering a sort of indigestion, convenience and losses from the general fall of labor union strikes, picketing, assaults and other interference, proposed to move, providing they could be guaranteed protection.

The subject grew in importance until it has reached a place where absolute protection of labor and protection of the citizens of Battle Creek on the following broad and evenly balanced terms which guarantees to the workman and to the manufacturer, fairness, justice, steady work and regularity of output.

The new coming manufacturer agrees to maintain the standard rate of wage paid elsewhere for like service, under similar conditions, the rate to be determined from time to time from well authenticated reports from competing cities. The tabulated wage reports issued by the Government Department of Commerce and Labor, also be used to show the standard rate and it is expected later on that this government bureau will furnish weekly reports of the labor market from different centers, so that the workman when he is ready to sell his labor and the employer is ready to buy, may each have reliable information as to the market or ruling price.

The new coming manufacturer also agrees to maintain the sanitary and hygienic conditions provided for by the State laws and to refrain from any lockouts to reduce wages below the standard rate; and to discharge any employee for cause.

The Citizens' Association on its part agrees to furnish, in such numbers as it is possible to obtain, first-class workmen who will contract to sell their labor at the standard price for a period as may be fixed upon, agreeing not to strike, picket, assault other workmen, destroy property, or do any of the criminal acts common to labor unions. Each workman reserving to himself the right to quit at any time, and the Citizens' Association further pledges its members to use its associated power to enforce the contracts between employer and employee and to act en masse to uphold the law at all times.

The new industries located in Battle Creek will not start under any sort of labor union domination whatsoever, but will make individual contracts with each employee, those contracts being fair and equitable and guaranteed on both sides.

Thus, the abuses of labor unions and their insane efforts to ruin everyone who does not "obey" have evolved this plan which replaces the old conditions of injustice, lockouts, strikes, violence, loss of money and property, and general industrial warfare, and inaugurates an era of perfect balance and fairness between employer and employee, a steady continuance of industry and consequent prosperity.

The entire community pledged by public sentiment and private act to restore peace and order to Battle Creek, can be maintained, and the destructive "peace, freedom and the pursuit of happiness" can be secured.

Other cities will be driven to accept their own plan, as Kansas and

Result of Boycott.

The only place in the United States that guarantees freedom from strikes, lockouts and labor warfare is Battle Creek, Mich.

The story? The work people, merchants, lawyers, doctors and other citizens became aroused and indignant at the efforts of the labor unions through out the country to destroy the business of one of our largest industries—the Postum Cereal Co., Ltd. and at the open threats in the official union papers that the entire power of the National and State Federations of Labor was being brought to bear to "punish" the industries of Battle Creek, and particularly the Postum Co.

This sprung from the refusal of C. W. Post to obey the "orders of the unions to take the Postum advertising away from various papers that refused to purchase labor of the labor trust—the unions.

Mr. Post was ordered to join the unions in their conspiracy to "ruin" and "put out of business" these publishers who had worked faithfully for him for years, and helped to build up his business. They had done so wrong, but had found it imprudent and against their best judgment to buy labor of the labor trust. It seems a rule of the unions to conspire to ruin anyone who does not purchase from them upon their own terms.

An ink maker or paper maker who failed to sell ink or paper would have the same reason to order Post to help ruin these publishers. So the peddler in the street might stifle you if you refused to buy his apples; the cabman to run over you if you refused to ride with him; the grocer order the manufacturer to discharge certain people because they did not patronize him, and so on to the railroad and a limitless limit of all this boycott nonsense, in trying to force people to buy what they do not want.

If a man has labor to sell let him sell it at the best price he can get just as he would sell wheat, but he has no right to even intimate that he will obstruct the business, or attempt its ruin because the owner will not purchase of him.

The unions have become so tyrannous and arrogant with their despotism that a common citizen who has some time to spare and innocently thinks he has a right to put a little paint on his own house finds he must have that paint taken off and put on again by the union, or all sorts of things happen to him, his employer is ordered to discharge him, his grocer is boycotted if he furnishes him supplies, his family followed and insulted and his life made more miserable than that of a black slave before the war. If he dares to call to the attention of his neighbors the "union" hounds him. He takes a pipe wrench to stop a leaking pipe and the plumbers "union" does things to him. He cannot put a little mortar to a loose brick on his chimney or the bricklayers "union" does things to him. He is up in arms and if he carelessly eats a loaf of bread that has no "union" label on it the bakers "union" proceeds to make life miserable for him.

So the white slave is tied hand and foot unable to lift a hand to better himself or his children, and the day and night of slaughter had ended 2,000 had been killed and 5,000 wounded, these awful figures being maintained by correspondents in face of official reports minimizing the massacre and which are said to be prepared with intent to reach the Czar and the outside world. On Nicholas bridge the infantry at first refused to fire on their brethren and threw down their arms. Then the merciless Cossacks armed with sabres were turned loose on the by this time feeble populace. And this is the story of Russia's "St. Bartholomew."

The International Commission appointed to inquire into the North Sea incident has prepared a protocol of over twenty articles governing the procedure.

During the last five months the number of Russian Jews arriving in New York has exceeded that of any other nationality, aggregating 75,000.

are abused, crippled and murdered in dozens and hundreds by an organization or trust, having for its purpose, thrusting what it has to sell (labor) upon us whether or no.

Suppose an American in a foreign city should be chased by a mob, caught and beaten unconscious, then his mouth pried open and carbolic acid poured down his throat, then his fingers and toes were sawed off, his head kicked in and his face well stamped with iron nailed shoes, murdered because he tried to earn bread for his children. By the Eternal God, a fleet of American Men of War would assemble there, clear for action and blow something off the face of the earth, if retaliation were not made for the blood of one of our citizens.

And what answer do we make to the appeals of the hundreds of widows and orphans of those Americans murdered by labor unions? How do we try to protect the thousands of intelligent citizens who, with reason, prefer not to join any labor union and be subject to the tyranny of the heavily paid rippers of the labor trust?

Upon a firm refusal by Mr. Post to join this criminal conspiracy a general boycott was ordered on Grape-Nuts and Postum all over the country, which set the good red blood of our ancestors in motion, bringing forth the reply that has now passed into history:

When the unionists of organized labor, or organized labor publishers, or will we discharge any of our trusted employees upon the orders of any labor union. If they can make their boycott effective and sink our ship, we will go down with the captain on the bridge and in command.

This set the writers in labor papers crazy and they redoubled their abuse. Finally, one of their official organs came out with a large, double-column denunciation of Battle Creek, calling it "a running sore on the face of Michigan," because it would not become "organized" and pay in dues to labor leaders. The usual charges, vilifications epithets common to labor union writers were indulged in.

The result was to weld public sentiment in Battle Creek for protection. A citizen's association was started and mass meetings held. Good citizens who happened to be members of local unions, in some cases quit the unions entirely, for there is small need of them there.

The working people of Battle Creek are of the highest order of American mechanics. The majority are not union members, for practically all of the manufacturers have for years declined to employ union men because of disturbances about eleven years ago, and the union men now in the city are among the best citizens.

No city in the State of Michigan has a larger population than Battle Creek, no city of its size is as prosperous, and no city has so large a proportion of the best grade of mechanics who own their own homes.

So the work people massed together with the other citizens in the organization of the Citizens' Association with the following preamble and constitution:

Whereas, From 1891 to 1894 the strikes instigated by Labor Unions in Battle Creek resulted in the destruction of property and loss of large sums of money in wages that would have been expended here; and

Whereas, These acts caused serious damage to the city and in a marked way delayed its progress at that time; and

Whereas, Since the year 1894 the citizens have been enabled, by public sentiment, to prevent the recurrence of strikes and Labor Union disturbances which have been prevalent elsewhere; and

Whereas, The employers of this city have steadfastly refused to place the management of their business under the control of Labor Unions, but have maintained the highest standard of wages paid under like conditions anywhere in the United States, and have joyfully maintained their right as free citizens to continue to employ the best American citizens to work without dictation and tyranny of Labor Union leaders, the bitter experience of the past offering sufficient reason for a determined stand for freedom; and

Whereas, The attitude of the citizens on this subject has been the means of preserving peaceful conditions and continuous prosperity in marked contrast to the condition existing in other cities suffering from the dictation of Trades Unionism; it is therefore

Resolved, That the continuance of peace and order in Battle Creek can be maintained, and the destructive "peace, freedom and the pursuit of happiness" can be secured.

Other cities will be driven to accept their own plan, as Kansas and

SCENE OF RUSSIAN SLAUGHTER.

Bird's-Eye Diagram of the Zone of the Awful St. Petersburg Massacre.

From the accompanying bird's-eye diagram of the zone of the awful St. Petersburg massacre and the barricade battles of Sunday and Sunday night, prepared by the Chicago American from cabled reports and photographs, the readers will be able to inform themselves as to "the day of the land" and the real events of that day and night of slaughter.

On Vassili Island (see cross), where the great government iron works in which the first of the strikes was declared are situated and where the great mass of the St. Petersburg industrial class lives, the concentration of the marshy island, the bridge to the Winter Palace took place. The great assemblage of peaceful-minded artisans, intent only on presenting a humble petition to the Czar, "their little father" and the head of the church to which they are devoted, then split into two sections, one taking up the march to the palace, the other to the Winter Palace.

The section going over the great Nicholas bridge (see arrow). Large numbers of both sections reached unmolested the splendid section of the city occupied by the Winter Palace, the spacious garden square, the Nevsky Cathedral, the Nersky prospect and the government buildings, where they were re-enforced by thousands of other striking workmen and also by revolutionists. Then, when the great throng of marching workmen were fairly in the front military camp prepared by the authorities to teach them a lesson, a merry trumpet call rang out. It was the signal for slaughter. Stopping their merry games and fun, the soldiers of "the little father" drew up in line of battle at the bridges over which the two processions were still passing, in the palace square, on the Nevsky prospect, and in the cathedral gardens. Another signal and the first volley was fired. It was of blank cartridges. "Thank God," cried the leaders of the marching host, "the Czar will not kill his children." The soldiers grimed. Another signal. And another "Thank God" burst from the lips of the strikers. The scores fall in every spot where the troops are met. Then the fighting began. Bar-

rels were thrown up in the places shown in the diagram. Before the day and night of slaughter had ended 2,000 had been killed and 5,000 wounded, these awful figures being maintained by correspondents in face of official reports minimizing the massacre and which are said to be prepared with intent to reach the Czar and the outside world. On Nicholas bridge the infantry at first refused to fire on their brethren and threw down their arms. Then the merciless Cossacks armed with sabres were turned loose on the by this time feeble populace. And this is the story of Russia's "St. Bartholomew."

The International Commission appointed to inquire into the North Sea incident has prepared a protocol of over twenty articles governing the procedure.

During the last five months the number of Russian Jews arriving in New York has exceeded that of any other nationality, aggregating 75,000.

are abused, crippled and murdered in dozens and hundreds by an organization or trust, having for its purpose, thrusting what it has to sell (labor) upon us whether or no.

Suppose an American in a foreign city should be chased by a mob, caught and beaten unconscious, then his mouth pried open and carbolic acid poured down his throat, then his fingers and toes were sawed off, his head kicked in and his face well stamped with iron nailed shoes, murdered because he tried to earn bread for his children. By the Eternal God, a fleet of American Men of War would assemble there, clear for action and blow something off the face of the earth, if retaliation were not made for the blood of one of our citizens.

And what answer do we make to the appeals of the hundreds of widows and orphans of those Americans murdered by labor unions? How do we try to protect the thousands of intelligent citizens who, with reason, prefer not to join any labor union and be subject to the tyranny of the heavily paid rippers of the labor trust?

Upon a firm refusal by Mr. Post to join this criminal conspiracy a general boycott was ordered on Grape-Nuts and Postum all over the country, which set the good red blood of our ancestors in motion, bringing forth the reply that has now passed into history:

When the unionists of organized labor, or organized labor publishers, or will we discharge any of our trusted employees upon the orders of any labor union. If they can make their boycott effective and sink our ship, we will go down with the captain on the bridge and in command.

This set the writers in labor papers crazy and they redoubled their abuse. Finally, one of their official organs came out with a large, double-column denunciation of Battle Creek, calling it "a running sore on the face of Michigan," because it would not become "organized" and pay in dues to labor leaders. The usual charges, vilifications epithets common to labor union writers were indulged in.

The result was to weld public sentiment in Battle Creek for protection. A citizen's association was started and mass meetings held. Good citizens who happened to be members of local unions, in some cases quit the unions entirely, for there is small need of them there.

The working people of Battle Creek are of the highest order of American mechanics. The majority are not union members, for practically all of the manufacturers have for years declined to employ union men because of disturbances about eleven years ago, and the union men now in the city are among the best citizens.

No city in the State of Michigan has a larger population than Battle Creek, no city of its size is as prosperous, and no city has so large a proportion of the best grade of mechanics who own their own homes.

So the work people massed together with the other citizens in the organization of the Citizens' Association with the following preamble and constitution:

Whereas, From 1891 to 1894 the strikes instigated by Labor Unions in Battle Creek resulted in the destruction of property and loss of large sums of money in wages that would have been expended here; and

Whereas, These acts caused serious damage to the city and in a marked way delayed its progress at that time; and

Whereas, Since the year 1894 the citizens have been enabled, by public sentiment, to prevent the recurrence of strikes and Labor Union disturbances which have been prevalent elsewhere; and

Whereas, The employers of this city have steadfastly refused to place the management of their business under the control of Labor Unions, but have maintained the highest standard of wages paid under like conditions anywhere in the United States, and have joyfully maintained their right as free citizens to continue to employ the best American citizens to work without dictation and tyranny of Labor Union leaders, the bitter experience of the past offering sufficient reason for a determined stand for freedom; and

Whereas, The attitude of the citizens on this subject has been the means of preserving peaceful conditions and continuous prosperity in marked contrast to the condition existing in other cities suffering from the dictation of Trades Unionism; it is therefore

Resolved, That the continuance of peace and order in Battle Creek can be maintained, and the destructive "peace, freedom and the pursuit of happiness" can be secured.

Other cities will be driven to accept their own plan, as Kansas and

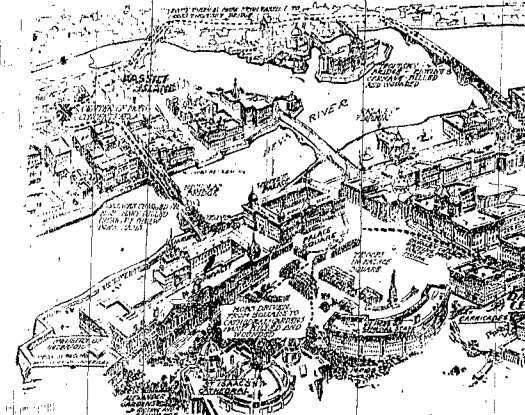


DIAGRAM-STORY OF ST. PETERSBURG'S DAY AND NIGHT OF MASSACRE.

those strikers who are indifferent to political demands and which class they declare constitutes a great bulk of the men, to resume work.

Knowledge of the existence of the proclamation was not general among the workmen until they read it on the bulletin boards, where many of them angrily turned away, muttering refusals to listen to the government's promises. Others appeared to hesitate regarding what course to pursue. The workmen appear to lack leadership. If, as the authorities believe, the majority of the workmen resume work the strike movement will be broken and then the only thing feared is a recurrence of bomb-throwing. The government is also encouraged by the comparative quiet in Moscow, and they hope no serious trouble will occur there.

Dispatches from London to the Associated Press say that the British foreign office and the press take a gloomy view of the situation and that in the exaggerated dispatches printed there is revealed the poorly disguised hostility of England to Russia.

The Russian government is striving to convince the world that the upheaval in St. Petersburg is nihilistic. It is also striving to convince the Russian moderates that the industrial revolt is being encouraged by Russia's arch enemies, England and Japan.

The situation industrial and political, is beset with unusual difficulties for the Russian government. It is authoritatively reported that 80 per cent of the capital invested in the great manufacturing and kindred ventures of Russia is foreign—coming mainly from France, Germany and England.

The foreign capitalists have their own superintendents and managers in the manufacturing, Russia furnishing the workers. It is claimed, on one hand, that the Russian government has not been fair to the manufacturers, and on the other that the foreign employees have been unmerciful in their treatment of Russian employees.

Even General Treppoff, recently appointed Governor General of St. Petersburg, was accused in the Moscow articles of two years ago of favoring the Russian workers against the manufacturers. At all events, Russian sentiment in the aggregate is favorable to the workers now on a strike.

Again, the workmen and the peasants who have been misled by agitators, who have been appointed to them as agents of the Czar. These pretended agents have told workmen and peasants that it was only necessary for them to make certain demands, and they would be granted, because the Czar would support them. More serious than this, many of the nobles claim to have had assurance that the Czar would not regard unfavorably petitions for reforms in administration.

BRITAIN FOR REBELS.

English Sympathy Is Given to Revolution.

While the British government has not openly offered any aid to the revolutionists, the leaders in the foreign office have let it be known that they would welcome a change in the form of the Russian government. That the sympathies of King Edward are with the revolutionists is further shown by the speech of the war secretary, Mr. Arnold-Forster, at Exeter, in which he expressed the sympathy of the people of the United Kingdom with the people of Russia.

In addition to all this the foreign office points in this direction. It is by British policy to bring about a revolution in Russia with alarm and believe that while the present uprising will be suppressed, a change in the form of the Russian government is inevitable as a result of the march of the people toward the winter palace and the consequent strike by the Czar's soldiers.

This official confidence in the prospective demolition of Russian bureaucracy tends stronger than anything else to convince the British people that its government is prepared to lend its support to the cause of the revolutionists in a way that will do the most good.

TURMOIL IN EUROPE.

Politics and Social Conditions Are Widely Disturbed.

Politics and social conditions in Europe are more disturbed than at any previous time in the world. In France the situation is so unsettled that a general revolution is being talked of. Germany is involved in a coal strike. In both Russia and Germany these disturbances are partly industrial and partly political. In France the ministry has just fallen and a new cabinet has been formed. It will continue Premier Combes' policy, which caused the downfall of his own cabinet. There may be hostility to the new cabinet. There is smoldering fire along the Italy-Austria border. Domestic politics in Austria-Hungary constitute a volatile element that may break forth at any time. The Balkan peninsula is threatened with an uprising along with a Turkish campaign of repression.

Belief in London financial and other well-informed circles that the crisis in Russia will soon compel even the grand dual regime to seek peace with Japan grows stronger. The logic of the situation points in this direction. It may be stated that those at present controlling the Russian policy were practically convinced of the necessity for bringing the war to a speedy close before the recent disastrous events made such a course absolutely imperative.

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EARLIER THAN FIGHTING JAIL.

Chicago Tribune.

Friends were thrown up in the places shown in the diagram. Before the day and night of slaughter had ended 2,000 had been killed and 5,000 wounded, these awful figures being maintained by correspondents in face of official reports minimizing the massacre and which are said to be prepared with intent to reach the Czar and the outside world. On Nicholas bridge the infantry at first refused to fire on their brethren and threw down their arms. Then the merciless Cossacks armed with sabres were turned loose on the by this time feeble populace. And this is the story of Russia's "St. Bartholomew."

De Laval Cream Separators

BEST IN THE WORLD

For Sale By

A. G. POWERS IMPLEMENT DEALER

There are lots of separators, but none so good as the De Laval. Call and see it work, and no other kind will suit you.

GOUGH UP

Twenty-five cents will relieve you of that hacking cough. There is one cough syrup that never fails to cure the most aggravated cough, and that is Leaby's

"Best Cough Syrup"

Put up in 25-cent and 50-cent bottles. Our Eureka Headache Powders always cure the ache. We GUARANTEE that they contain no opiates.

WAYNE DRUG CO

J. T. LEAHY

Old Phone 79... Ind. Phone 143

City Meat Market

O. D. FRANKS, PROP

Only the best stock killed for this market, meats that are young, fat and tender. No antiquated specimens allowed on the block. All kinds of meats and sausages prepared by experienced hands. No effort spared to please the public.

TWO FINE FARMS FOR SALE

We have an excellent 160 acres in southern Wayne County, well improved, a little rolling, but first-class in every respect, all under cultivation and "A" No. "1" soil; also 80 acres one-half mile from the above, about half under cultivation, balance in pastures with running water, which we will sell at a low price, and on very easy terms. If a deal can be made within the next 30 days we can give possession of the 160 acres March 1st. For further information call on or write

Tracy & Durland,
Norfolk, Nebr.

...HEATING STOVES...

Call in and see new line of heaters that just arrived-- all new stoves, none carried over from last year.

Peterson & Berry

Dr. R. L. Cosner, dentist, over First National Bank.

UNIQUE VALEDICTORY

A North Dakota newspaper gives this as the valedictory address of young Frost-on-the-Pumpkin at his graduation from the agency school:

"My friends, I do not propose to excite hostilities by advancing the proposition that we stand on the threshold of life. I leave that to the pale-faced graduate of a more athletic curriculum. I came from a town of 300 souls and eighteen real estate agents. On my return my kinsmen will stroll out of the tepee to greet their brother and ask him where he got that hat, while the dinky daughter of Horse-With-the-Glanders will don her pink waist.

"All that the red man is today he owes to the pale face. We have been so benevolently assimilated that one measly government agent can round up and herd a whole Indian reservation. The pale-face lobster gives us a bottle of whiskey—with a string tied to it. And the string reaches to the federal court-room, where we lie around for a couple of weeks while the witnesses are cashing in their pay vouchers. Then we walk home in a snow storm.

"The sun of the red man is setting in the west. Soon will his copper-colored tribes be assimilated by the copper trust, and he will be extinct. You may put him into a bicycle suit and tan shoes, but he will continue to yearn for planked muskrat and Jamaica ginger. His days are numbered. For a few short years he may powwow with the smooth government commissioner but he is fading away and you can all see his finish. I have spoken."

Do you know our price for butter fat, last half of January is 28c. per pound? Do you know this means \$1.12 to \$1.25 per hundred for milk?

Do you know during the winter of 1902 we paid as high as 27 cents for butterfat; and 25 cents in 1903?

Do you know these are better prices than dairymen of New York, Wisconsin, and other old dairy states who follow dairying exclusively, are realizing for their milk produced on farms worth \$100 and more per acre?

Do you know this beats raising dollar wheat or fifty cent corn?

Do you know we paid more money to the farmers of Nebraska in 1904 than all other creamery companies operating in the state?

Do you realize what you are losing if you are not the owner of a De Laval hand separator, and one of our patrons? Do you know that we sell the De Laval, the best separator on earth?

Do you know that out of a total of 20,000 separators used in Nebraska 15,000 are De Laval's?

Do you know, if you are not one of our 20,000 patrons, that it will be to your interest to call on our representative and talk this over?

BEATRICE CREAMERY CO.
We sell separators on easy terms.

ESTIMATE OF EXPENSES.	
General fund.....	\$50,000
Bond fund.....	12,000
Road fund.....	10,000
Road fund.....	7,500
Soldier's relief fund.....	1,500
THE STATE OF NEBRASKA, ss.	

Wayne County,
I, Chas. W. Reynolds, County Clerk in and for Wayne county, Nebraska, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true estimate of expenses for Wayne county for the year 1905, as made by County Board on January 11th, 1905.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and seal this 19th day of January 1905.
(SEAL) CHAS. W. REYNOLDS,
County Clerk.

FOUND

Odd Notice in Prominent Southern Paper of Interest to Wayne residents. One of the best known newspapers in the South is the "Guide" of Dunn, N. C. Its publisher, J. P. Pitman, sends us the following clipping with request to publish:

"Found,—by the editor of the Guide, a bottle of Hyomei, the wonderful treatment that cures catarrh without stomach dosing. We can speak in highest praise of its remarkable power to cure and relieve catarrh of the head and throat. This mention is made not as an advertisement, but in the interest of those who suffer the torture of that terrible disease, catarrh."

In sending the clipping, Mr. Pitman wrote the following letter: "I enclose a little piece from my paper, issued to-day. You will see from this that I desire to push the selling of Hyomei as far as possible. I am using it in my own family, and find that it gives the desired relief, so that I take pleasure in spreading far and near the knowledge of this sure relief for catarrh."

E. J. Raymond, in preparation for the catarrh troubles of this season of the year, has ordered a large stock of Hyomei, and sells it under guarantee to refund the money if it does not relieve. The complete outfit costs but \$1, and extra bottles can be obtained for 50 cents. Ask E. J. Raymond to show you the guarantee under which they sell it. This remarkable remedy mediates the air you breathe, soothing and healing the mucous membrane of the air passages, and making a complete cure of the worst case of catarrh.

GUARDIAN'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of license therefor, issued by the Honorable J. F. Boyd, Judge of the District Court of Wayne county, Nebraska, on the 27th day of January, 1905, for the sale of the real estate hereinafter described, I will sell at public vendue to the highest bidder, for cash, at the door of the office of the Clerk of the District Court of Wayne county,

Nebraska, in the court house at Wayne county Nebraska, on the 24th day of February, 1905, at the hour of ten o'clock a. m. the following described real estate, to-wit: The undivided one-third interest in and to the west half of section ten (10), township twenty-six (26), range two (2), east of the 10th p. m. in Wayne county, Nebraska, belonging to Ernest E. Jewett, a minor, together with said minor's interest in the rents due and to become due thereon for the year ending March 1st, 1905.

Said sale will remain open one hour. Dated this 22nd day of February, 1905.
FRANK M. NORRIS,
Guardian of the estate of Ernest E. Jewett, a minor.

NOTICE TO NON-RESIDENT DEFENDANT.

To Charles W. Perry: You are hereby notified that on the 8th day of October, 1904, the plaintiff, Margaret R. Perry, filed her petition in the District Court of Wayne County, Nebraska, against you, the said Charles W. Perry, defendant, the object and prayer of which are to obtain a divorce from you on the grounds of adultery.

You are required to answer this petition on or before February 20th, 1905.
MARGARET R. PERRY,
By WELCH & DAVIS,
Her Attorneys.

SUMMONS BY PUBLICATION

To the defendants, David W. Roberts, Hannah Roberts, Mary E. Louergan, James Louergan, Samuel S. Davis, Maggie Mulholland, Arthur Mulholland, Mabel Bryan, Charles Bryan, Edith Mulholland, Everett Davis, George Mulholland, Mary Davis, a minor, and Harry Davis, a minor.

You and each of you are hereby notified that on the 19th day of January, 1905, the plaintiff, Charles M. Yocum, filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court, of Wayne county, Nebraska, his petition and commenced suit against you, impleaded with Elizabeth Roberts, Kate Roberts and Kate Roberts, as defendants, the object and prayer of which are to foreclose a certain mortgage bearing date June 7th, 1899, given by Elizabeth Roberts, Everett Roberts, Kate Roberts, David W. Roberts, Hannah Roberts, Elizabeth Davis, Samuel S. Davis and Mary E. Louergan to the said plaintiff upon the following described premises, situated in the county of Wayne, state of Nebraska, to-wit:—

All that part of the northwest quarter of the northeast quarter of section eighteen (18), township twenty-six (26), range four (4), east of the 6th Principal Meridian, bounded as follows: Commencing at the northeast corner of the northwest quarter of the northeast quarter of said section eighteen (18), being at Station A of Hood's survey, dated Nov. 7th, 1888, running thence west along the section line nine and sixty-two and one-half one hundredths (9.62 1/2) chains thence south to the St. P. M. & O. railroad, thence easterly along said north line of said railroad right-of-way to a point where the same intersects the north and south center line of said northeast quarter of said section eighteen (18), thence north to the place of beginning and containing five (5) acres.

Which said mortgage was recorded in the office of the county Clerk of Wayne county, Nebraska on July 11th, 1899, in Book X of Mortgages at page 24, and upon which there is now due and unpaid the sum of four hundred and fifty (\$450.00) dollars with interest at ten per cent (10 per cent) from June 7th, 1904, and plaintiff asks that said mortgage be foreclosed and same premises sold to satisfy the sum so due thereon and for such other and further relief as may be just and equitable.

You are required to answer said petition on or before February 27th, 1905.
Dated Jan. 19, 1905.
CHARLES M. YOCUM,
By WELCH & DAVIS,
His Attorneys.

RO & FORTNER, WAYNE MEAT MARKET

First class meats always on hand. Also dealers in hides, furs and pelts.

EDWARD E. WALTMAN, ATTORNEY AT LAW

with A. J. Ferguson, Wayne, Nebraska

J. J. WILLIAMS, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

Wayne, Nebraska. Office over the Wayne National Bank.

WM. DAMMEYER, 2 DOORS WEST OF P. O. CIGAR FACTORY

G. A. NIEMAN, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Galvanic and Paradio Electricity and Oxygen. Treatment of Chronic Diseases a Specialty. Calls Night or Day receive prompt attention.

I. W. ALTER, BONDED ABSTRACTOR

Real Estate and Loans, Insurance and Collections. Opposite Love Hotel, Wayne, Neb.

A. A. WELCH, A. R. DAVIS, WELCH & DAVIS, ATTORNEYS AT LAW

Wayne, Neb. Office up-stairs over the Citizens Bank.

H. G. LEISENRING, M. D. SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN

X Ray Examinations made at office or bedside of patient. Office 3 Doors West of Post Office, Wayne, Nebraska.

F. M. SKEEN, Attorney and Counselor at Law.

Collections a Specialty. Notary Public. WAYNE, NEBRASKA

Citizens' Bank

Incorporated
A. J. TUCKER President
D. C. MAIN Cashier
J. S. FRENCH Vice President
J. F. FRENCH Ass't Cash
Capital and Undivided Profits 100,000
DIRECTORS—A. A. Welch, J. S. French, D. C. Main, J. F. French, A. L. Tucker, James Fair.

Nebraska's Most Popular SPECIALIST

Dr. Caldwell

OF CHICAGO



will by request visit professionally

The Boyd Hotel at Wayne Wednesday, Feb. 8,

ONE DAY ONLY

Returning Every Four Weeks. Consult Her While the Opportunity is at Hand.

Dr. Caldwell limits her practice to the special treatment of diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, Lungs, Female Diseases, Diseases of Children and all Chronic, Nervous and Surgical Diseases of a curable nature, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Chronic Catarrh, Head Ache, Constipation, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Kidney Diseases, Diseases of the Liver and Bladder, Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow Growth in Children, and all Wasting Diseases in adults. Deformities, Club-Foot, Curvature of the Spine, Diseases of the Brain. Paralysis, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Swelling of the Limbs, Stricture, Open Sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements, and all long standing diseases, BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES
Pimples, Blisters, Eruptions, Liver Spots, Falling of the Hair, Bad Complexion, Eczema, Throat Ulcers, Bone Pains, Bladder Troubles, Weak Back, Burning Urine, Fainting Urine too often. The effects of constitutional sickness or the taking of too much injurious medicine receives searching treatment, prompt relief and a cure for life.
Diseases of Women, Irregular Menstruation, Falling of the Womb, Bearing Down Pains, Female Displacements, Lack of Sexual Power, Leucorrhoea, Sterility or Barrenness consult Dr. Caldwell, and she will show them the cause of their trouble and the way to become cured.
CANCER, GOUT, FISTULA, PILES and enlarged glands treated with the simultaneous injection of blood, usually without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of her own discoveries, and is really the most scientific method of this advanced age. Dr. Caldwell has practiced her profession in some of the largest hospitals throughout the country. She has no equal in treating and diagnosing disease, deformities, etc. She has lately opened an office in Omaha, Nebr., where she will spend a portion of each week treating her many patients. No incurable cases accepted for treatment. Consultation, examination and advice, one dollar to those interested.
Address all communications to Bee Building, Omaha, Nebr.
DR. ORA CALDWELL & CO.
Omaha, Nebr. Chicago, Ill.

Take Care of Your Horses

when you come to town by putting them in Fred Brown's feed sheds in connection with his livery barn on Main street. The sheds are first-class and if you furnish your own feed it only costs you ten cents a day per team to have them away from the storm. Try it.

FRED BROWN...

Rail Road Time Table

CHICAGO, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS & OMAHA	
Trains Going East.	
No. 12, Sioux City Passenger.	7:30 a. m.
No. 9, Black Hills Passenger.	2:15 p. m.
No. 22, Accommodation.	3:15 p. m.
No. 50, Bloomfield Passenger, Arr.	6:40 a. m.
No. 52, Bloomfield Passenger, Arr.	2:05 p. m.
Trains Going West.	
No. 11, Sioux City Passenger.	6:45 a. m.
No. 10, Black Hills Passenger.	9:15 a. m.
No. 53, Accommodation.	Arr. 6:15 p. m.
No. 51, Bloomfield Passenger.	10:20 a. m.
No. 53, Bloomfield Passenger.	6:50 p. m.
No. 12 connects at Emerson with train for Omaha at Sioux City with St. Paul and local Iowa trains. No connection at Emerson for Omaha on Sunday.	
No. 10 connects at Sioux City with all trains north and east.	
No. 23 connects at Emerson with Omaha and Sioux City trains.	
No. 11 connects at Norfolk with Black Hills west.	
No. 9 connects at Norfolk with Black Hills east; Vardrege Line and Union Pacific.	
T. W. MORAN, Asst. Wayne, Neb.	

Terms of Sale:

TERMS: Sums of \$10 and under, cash. Over \$10, ten months time at eight per cent. per annum, with approved security.

E. CUNNINGHAM, Auctioneer.
H. S. RINGLAND, Clerk.

H. F. WILSON

ADMINISTRATOR

'05 SPRING GOODS

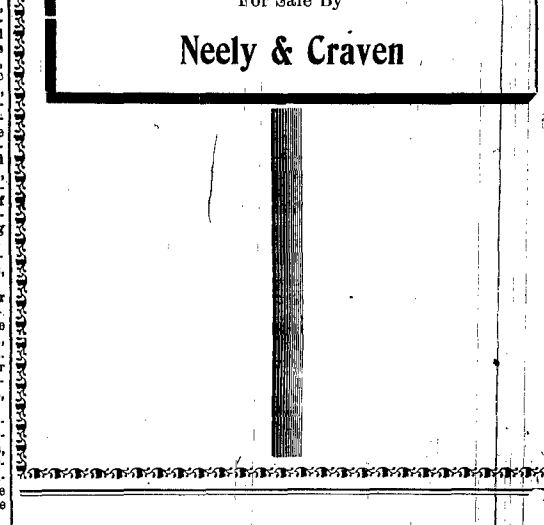
For the benefit of early shoppers and those having their sewing done now we have had part of our Spring Wash Goods, Embroideries, Laces, White Goods and Woolen Dress Goods shipped, so that they are on sale right now, and you can make selections from the coming season's best fabrics. We are especially proud of our Embroideries, Insertings and Allovers. They are the finest and cheapest ever shown in town. Our Muslins and Sheetings are back to the old price or two years ago, so you will buy your spring supply of cotton right.
Yours for business,

...THE RACKET...

Hardware, Stoves and Tinware

For Sale By

Neely & Craven



PUBLIC AUCTION

Of property belonging to the Eugene Sullivan estate, at residence of Mrs. Mary Sullivan, five miles south and two miles northeast of Altona, commencing at 10 o'clock a. m., on

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 8

103 head cattle

being cows, yearling heifers and calves.

25 head horses

nearly all of which are of the work breeds and will match up into teams.

Also a number of fine shoats, twenty-four tons millet, thirty tons timothy hay and a lot of machinery of the best makes.

Terms of Sale:

TERMS: Sums of \$10 and under, cash. Over \$10, ten months time at eight per cent. per annum, with approved security.

E. CUNNINGHAM, Auctioneer.
H. S. RINGLAND, Clerk.

H. F. WILSON

ADMINISTRATOR